

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-K/A
Amendment No. 2

ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2006

or

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission file number: 11-2037182

COLONIAL COMMERCIAL CORP.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

New York

11-2037182

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

275 Wagaraw Road, Hawthorne, New Jersey

07506

(Address of principal executive offices)

(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code 973-427-8224

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class

Name of each exchange on which registered

None

OTC Bulletin Board

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act:

Common Stock, Par Value \$.05 Per Share

Convertible Preferred Stock, Par Value \$.05 Per Share

(Title of Class)

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act.

Yes

No

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Exchange Act.

Yes

No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of "accelerated filer and large accelerated filer" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes

No

The aggregate market value of the registrant's common stock held by non-affiliates of the registrant, computed by reference to the last reported price at which the stock was sold on June 30, 2006 (the last business day of the registrant's most recently completed second quarter) was \$3,906,145.

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

Class	Outstanding at March 1, 2007
Common Stock, \$.05 par value per share	4,645,680 shares
Convertible Preferred Stock, \$.05 par value per share	467,500 shares

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Explanatory Note

This Form 10-K/A (Amendment Number 2) is being filed to revise certain sections of the Form 10-K/A for the year ended December 31, 2006, which the Company previously filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission May 21, 2007. The Company filed this restatement on Form 10-K/A using the cumulative effect transition method pursuant to the guidance contained in SAB 108.

Subsequent communications with the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) found that the Company had improperly applied the guidance in SAB 108, specifically, the effect on materiality of the incorrect treatment of vendor rebates on net income for 2004. The Audit Committee and management of the Company concurred with the SEC and determined that it is necessary to restate the Company’s financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2004 and 2005, as they relate to the treatment of vendor rebates. No changes have been made to the Company’s consolidated balance sheet, statement of operations and cash flows for the year ended December 31, 2006, related to this change, as previously reported in the Form 10-K/A. The Company’s consolidated statement of stockholders’ equity for the year ended December 31, 2006 has been restated to remove the cumulative effect of the adoption of SAB 108.

The Audit Committee and management of the Company has concluded that certain vendor rebates should be an adjustment to the cost of the vendors’ product and included as a reduction of cost of sales when recognized in the income statement. Previously, some vendor rebates were recognized as a reduction of cost of sales when earned, not as a reduction of costs when sold. When adjusting vendor rebates to be recognized as a reduction of cost of sales, a decrease of gross profit of \$137,736 was recognized for the year ended December 31, 2004 and a decrease of gross profit of \$52,779 was recognized for the year ended December 31, 2005. Retained earnings at the beginning of 2004 has been adjusted by \$129,006 to correct an error made in 2003 for the treatment of vendor rebates. The Company had a net operating loss carryforward for federal tax purposes greater than any amount of federal taxes which would have been due for each of the years ended December 31, 2004 and 2005, therefore, the Company determined that the tax effect of these adjustments was immaterial and, accordingly, the Company has made no adjustment.

Additionally, the Audit Committee and management of the Company concluded that per SFAS 128 convertible note interest, net of taxes, should be added back to net income when calculating diluted earnings per share to determine if the effect would be antidilutive. Previously, the Company did not add back interest, net of taxes, on convertible notes when making this calculation. The Company has corrected this procedure. The only changes resulting from this correction are to the number of diluted weighted average shares outstanding and the diluted earnings per share. This correction resulted in an increase of \$0.01 to diluted earnings per share for the year ended December 31, 2006, no change to diluted earnings per share for the year ended December 31, 2005 and a reduction of \$0.02 to diluted earnings per share for the year ended December 31, 2004.

The following sections are restated in this Form 10-K/A (Amendment Number 2):

Item 6. Selected Financial Data is restated to revise the statement of operations and balance sheet data for the years ended December 31, 2003, 2004 and 2005 and the statement of operations for the year ended December 31, 2006. No changes have been made to the balance sheet for December 31, 2006 as previously reported in the Form 10-K/A.

Item 7. Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations is restated under the captions Comparison of Year Ended December 31, 2006 with Year Ended December 31, 2005 and Comparison of Year Ended December 31, 2005 with Year Ended December 31, 2004.

Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data is revised to restate the Company's consolidated statements of operations, stockholders' equity and cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2004 and 2005, consolidated balance sheet for the year ended December 31, 2005 and consolidated statement of operations and stockholder's equity for the year ended December 31, 2006. Also restated are the following Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements: 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Practices, under the paragraphs (j) Stock Options and (p) Restatement; 10. Net Income Per Common Share; 11. Income Taxes; and 18. Quarterly Results (Unaudited). No changes have been made to the Company's consolidated balance sheets and cash flows for the year ended December 31, 2006 as previously reported in the Form 10-K/A.

Item 9A. Controls and Procedures is restated to state that the Audit Committee and management of the Company has concluded that the Company improperly applied the guidance in SAB 108, specifically, the effect on materiality of the incorrect treatment of vendor rebates on net income for 2004 and that per SFAS 128 convertible note interest, net of taxes, should be added back to net income when calculating diluted earnings per share to determine if the effect would be antidilutive, as set forth in this Form 10-K/A (Amendment Number 2). The need for this restatement of our financial statements is a result of material weaknesses in our internal controls over financial reporting. The Company continues to develop controls and procedures and plans to implement additional controls and procedures sufficient to accurately report our financial performance in the foreseeable future. The Company has also augmented its finance and accounting staff by retaining an experienced independent consultant to enhance the Company's financial accounting and reporting capabilities.

As required by Rule 12b-15 under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act), new certifications by the Company's principal executive officer and principal financial officer are being filed as exhibits to this Form 10-K/A (Amendment Number 2) under Part IV, Item 15. Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedules.

For purposes of this Form 10-K/A (Amendment Number 2), and in accordance with Rule 12b-15 under the Exchange Act, each item of the Company's Form 10-K/A for the year ended December 31, 2006, as originally filed on May 21, 2007, that was affected by this restatement, has been amended and restated in its entirety. No attempt has been made in this Form 10-K/A (Amendment Number 2) to modify or update other disclosures as presented in the original Form 10-K/A, except as required to reflect such restatements.

Because this Form 10-K/A (Amendment Number 2) restates all of the pertinent financial data for the affected periods, we do not intend to restate our previously filed Annual Reports on Form 10-K or Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q for periods ending prior to December 31, 2006. As a result, the reader should not rely on the prior filings, but should rely upon the restated financial statements, reports of our independent registered public accounting firm and related financial information for affected periods contained in this Form 10-K/A (Amendment Number 2). Additionally, 2007 10-Q filings will be compared to 2006 figures with the described vendor rebate adjustment and adjustment to diluted net income per common share and therefore will not be consistent with the 2006 quarterly information previously presented in the Company's 10-Q filings for the fiscal year ended 2006.

PART I.

Item 1. Business

General

Colonial Commercial Corp. (“Colonial”) is a New York corporation which was incorporated on October 28, 1964. Unless otherwise indicated, the term “Company” refers to Colonial Commercial Corp. and its consolidated subsidiaries. The Company’s operations are conducted through its wholly owned subsidiaries, Universal Supply Group, Inc. (“Universal”), The RAL Supply Group, Inc. (“RAL”), and American/Universal Supply, Inc. (“American”). We distribute heating, ventilating and air conditioning equipment (HVAC), parts and accessories, climate control systems, appliances, and plumbing fixtures and supplies, primarily, in New Jersey, New York and portions of eastern Pennsylvania.

We supply the Amana air conditioning and heating equipment line in New Jersey (exclusive of Cape May and Cumberland counties) and lower portions of New York State. We are also the non-exclusive supplier of the Goodman line of heating and air conditioning equipment in substantially the same trading area. We distribute these products through eight locations in New Jersey, seven locations in lower New York State and one location in Willow Grove, Pennsylvania. Of these locations, two are used for warehousing purposes only. In addition, we distribute American Standard heating and air conditioning equipment, as well as other heating and air conditioning accessories, in Elmsford and Hicksville, New York. We utilize showrooms for the display and sale of kitchen and bathroom fixtures and accessories at our locations in Fishkill, Middletown, New Windsor and Suffern, New York.

We have developed a specialty in the design and sale of energy conservation control systems and the fabrication of customized UL listed control panels, and we also supply indoor air quality components and systems.

Our in-house staff provides technical assistance and training to customers. In some cases, we also use vendors’ representatives and outside services. We do not install any equipment or systems.

In September 2006 we began to distribute appliances, such as washers and dryers, to appliance dealers primarily in New York, New Jersey, and portions of Connecticut, Delaware and Pennsylvania.

Our business is affected by significant outdoor temperature swings. Our sales typically increase during peak heating and cooling demand periods. Demand related to the residential central air conditioning replacement market is highest in the second and third quarters, while demand for heating equipment is usually highest in the fourth quarter.

In 2006, 2005 and 2004, approximately 85% of our sales were for replacement and/or renovation and the remaining 15% of sales were for new construction projects. In the same years, respectively, sales consisted of approximately 40%, 40% and 42% HVAC equipment; 39%, 38% and 38% parts and accessories; and 16%, 16% and 15% climate control systems.

We own no patents and have no intellectual property rights or proprietary technology.

We carry general liability, comprehensive property damage, workers compensation and product liability insurance in amounts that we consider adequate for our business. We maintain \$2,000,000 in the aggregate and \$1,000,000 per occurrence general liability coverage, plus a \$15,000,000 umbrella policy.

No material regulatory requirements apply specifically to our business.

As of December 31, 2006, we had 154 non-union full-time employees. We believe that our employee relations are satisfactory.

We have no foreign operations and operate only in one business segment.

Distribution, Customers and Suppliers

We stock inventory in all of our 17 locations. We deliver products to customers with our fleet of 16 leased and 12 owned trucks and vans. We also make products available for pick-up at our facilities.

We sell primarily to contractors who purchase and install equipment and systems for residential, commercial and industrial users. We had approximately 6,000 customers in 2006. No customer accounted for more than 2% of consolidated net sales in 2006. We believe that the loss of any one customer would not have a material adverse effect on our business. We have no long term agreement with any customer.

We deal with our customers on a purchase order by purchase order basis. We have no assured stability in our customer base.

We purchase inventory from our vendors and maintain this inventory in our warehouses to meet purchasing requirements and ensure continuous availability of merchandise to satisfy our customers' needs. We occasionally accept the return of merchandise from the customer when returned in unopened cartons, subject to a restocking fee. We do not normally provide extended payment terms to customers. We have no material long term agreements with any supplier.

Certain of our supplier agreements limit the sale of competitive products in designated markets that we serve.

In 2006, two suppliers accounted for 34% of our purchases. The loss of one or both of these suppliers could have a material adverse effect on our business for at least a short-term period. We believe that the loss of any one of our other suppliers would not have a material adverse effect on our business.

Competition

We compete with a number of distributors, national chains and national home centers, and also with several air conditioning and heating equipment manufacturers that distribute a significant portion of their products through their own distribution organizations. There is no single manufacturer, distributor or national chain or home center that dominates our market. Competition is based on product availability, customer service, price and quality. We work to maintain a competitive edge by providing in-house training, technical sales support to our customers and by employing experienced personnel at our point-of-sale locations.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

The following important factors could adversely impact our business.

Our business is significantly impacted by changes in general and local economic conditions.

Our business is substantially affected by changes in general economic factors outside of our control, such as:

- a. employment levels and job growth;
- b. population growth;
- c. housing demand or modernization of existing homes;
- d. consumer confidence (which can be substantially affected by external conditions, including international hostilities involving the United States); and
- e. the availability of financing for homeowners and homebuyers.

We may lose business to competitors and may otherwise be unable to favorably compete.

See “Business-Competition” section above. Several of the companies that compete with the Company have substantially greater financial and other resources. No assurance can be given that the Company will continue to be able to respond effectively to competitive pressures. Increased competition by existing and future competitors could result in reductions in sales, prices, volumes and gross margins that could materially adversely affect the Company’s business, financial condition and results of operations. Furthermore, the Company’s success depends, in part, on its ability to gain market share from competitors.

We are dependent on third party suppliers to deliver equipment parts and accessories to us for resale to contractors.

We have no long term contracts with our suppliers. We are at risk that our suppliers may cease making their products available to us on acceptable terms or at all. The loss of one or both of our two major suppliers could have a material adverse effect on our business.

We are dependent upon uninterrupted delivery of products.

Our Company depends upon transportation of products from our suppliers and to our customers. Any interruption or cessation of the transportation of these products by national or regional stoppages, fuel shortages, or other, will significantly impair the Company’s ability to do business.

Our business may be negatively impacted by inventory losses or obsolescence.

Our businesses depend on providing current products in good condition from our inventory to the customer. Although we believe that we carry adequate insurance to protect ourselves from significant product losses, any uninsured loss of inventory, damages to inventory, or theft of inventory could have a significant impact on our profitability. Alternatively, in the event that we are unable to sell our inventory in a timely manner, the unsold product may become obsolete and unsaleable and cause us to incur significant financial losses.

We could incur substantial losses in the event there are sudden changes in demand for our products.

A significant sudden increase in the demand for the Company's products could result in a short-term increase in the cost of inventory purchases, while a significant decrease in demand could result in an increase in the amount of excess inventory quantities on-hand. Additionally, the Company's estimates of future product demand may prove to be inaccurate. In any of these cases, the Company may have understated or overstated the write-down required for excess and obsolete inventory or otherwise incur additional financial losses.

Our business is largely dependent upon seasonal weather variability.

A major portion of our business is the distribution of heating, ventilating and air conditioning products. The sale of these products is heavily influenced by temperature extremes and any major shift in the variation of the climate may have a significant adverse impact on our business.

The Company's financial leverage may result in a negative impact upon our ability to do business.

Our Company is financially leveraged. Our leverage may place burdens on our ability to comply with the terms of our indebtedness, may restrict our ability to pay certain term loans, and further restrict our ability to operate and fulfill our financial obligations. The amount of our debt could have significant consequences. As an example, it could limit our ability to obtain future financing for working capital, capital expenditures, debt service requirements, acquisitions, or other needs. It requires us to dedicate a substantial portion of our cash flow from operations to the payment of our debt and reduces our ability to use cash for other purposes. It has a negative impact on our flexibility in planning or reacting to business changes. It increases our vulnerability to any downturn in our business or to a significant rise in interest rates and may place us at a competitive disadvantage with our competitors who are not in such a leveraged position.

Our ability to meet our debt service and other obligations depends upon our future performance. Our earnings vary based upon all the conditions described herein and, hence, our ability to pay our obligations is affected accordingly.

We may be unable to renew our credit line at the expiration of its term or obtain a reasonable alternate form of financing which would have a significant impact on the continuation of the operation of our business.

Since our debt accrues interest at a floating rate, extended periods of high interest rates could affect the viability of our business.

Our Company's business is dependent upon the creditworthiness of our contractor customers.

Our Company would be significantly negatively impacted in the event our contractor customers are unable to pay their obligations to us. This may occur if the economy or housing market slows, unemployment rises, interest rates increase dramatically, a natural disaster occurs within our region, or an act of terror substantially stops our economy from operating for a significant period of time. If these contractors are unable to pay their accounts with us, the result would be that we would be unable to pay our lending institutions and vendors, substantially impacting our ability to operate.

We could incur substantial losses for asbestos-based claims.

See Item 3, Legal Proceedings for a potential material and adverse effect to us if we are held liable for substantial asbestos claims against a predecessor of one of our subsidiaries, indemnitors fail to honor their indemnification agreements and insurance policies are held not to cover these liabilities.

Our ability to operate our Company effectively could be impaired if we fail to attract and retain key personnel.

Although William Pagano, a Director and Chief Executive Officer, William Salek, Chief Financial Officer and Secretary and Bernard Korn, a current non-executive employee, former Director and former Chief Executive Officer, have entered into employment agreements with us that expire in 2010, 2007 and 2010, respectively, our ability to operate our businesses and implement our strategies will depend upon our ability to attract and retain other qualified personnel.

Our ability to operate our business effectively could be impaired if we are unable to extend the leases for our locations.

We lease 17 locations with approximately 323,000 square feet for showrooms, counter sales and warehousing. We own no real estate. Our leases expire at various times between August 31, 2007 and November 30, 2016. Our business will be negatively impacted if we are unable to extend our existing leases at reasonable rates and we are unable to lease alternative space on acceptable terms.

Item 2. Properties

Our principal executive offices are located at 275 Wagaraw Road, Hawthorne, New Jersey 07506 and are consolidated with the administrative offices of our subsidiary, Universal Supply Group, Inc.

The Company maintains 16 combination sales and warehouse locations in Hawthorne, Bogota, Augusta, North Brunswick, Cedar Knolls, Wharton and Westville, New Jersey; Willow Grove, Pennsylvania; Elmsford, Hicksville, Middletown, Fishkill, New Windsor, Peekskill, Poughkeepsie and Suffern, New York. Additionally, the Company maintains two separate warehouse locations in Cedar Knolls, New Jersey and New Hampton, New York. These locations consist of approximately 323,000 square feet under leases expiring between 2007 and 2016 with current aggregate annual rents of approximately \$2,744,513. In addition, the Company has a month-to-month lease for a portion of the New Windsor, New York location, consisting of 11,000 square feet, for \$2,500 per month.

The premises located at Middletown, Fishkill, New Windsor and Suffern, New York also include showrooms of kitchen and bathroom fixtures and accessories.

Our premises are suitable and adequate for their intended use and are adequately covered by insurance. As of December 31, 2006, we leased all our facilities.

Item 3. Legal Proceedings

Universal Supply Group, Inc. is a New York corporation (“Universal”). On June 25, 1999, Universal acquired substantially all of the assets of Universal Supply Group, Inc., a New Jersey corporation, including its name, pursuant to the terms of a purchase agreement. The Company filed a copy of the purchase agreement with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 30, 1999 as Exhibit 10(g) on Form 10KSB, and the Company filed a copy of an amendment to the purchase agreement on July 9, 1999 as Exhibit 10(a)(ii) on Form 8-K. Subsequent to the sale, Universal Supply Group, Inc. (the selling corporation) formerly known as Universal Engineering Co., Inc., changed its name to Hilco, Inc. Hilco, Inc. acquired the assets of Amber Supply Co., Inc., formerly known as Amber Oil Burner Supply Co., Inc., in 1998, prior to Hilco’s sale of assets to Universal. Hilco, Inc. is hereinafter referred to as the “Predecessor.” The majority shareholders of Hilco, Inc. were John A. Hildebrandt and Paul Hildebrandt.

The Company understands that Predecessor and many other companies have been sued in the Superior Court of New Jersey (Middlesex County) by plaintiffs filing lawsuits alleging injury due to asbestos. Currently, there exist 93 plaintiffs in these lawsuits relating to alleged sales of asbestos products, or products containing asbestos, by the Predecessor. The Company never sold any asbestos related products.

Of the existing plaintiffs, seven filed actions in 2006, 15 filed actions in 2005, 44 filed actions in 2004, 24 filed actions in 2003, and three filed actions in 2002. There are 108 other plaintiffs that have had their actions dismissed and eight other plaintiffs that have settled as of December 31, 2006 for a total of \$3,313,000. There has been no judgment against the Predecessor.

Our Universal subsidiary was named by 24 plaintiffs; of these, two filed actions in 1999, one filed an action in 2000, five filed actions in 2001, eleven filed actions in 2005 and five filed actions in 2006. Six plaintiffs naming Universal have had their actions dismissed and, of the total \$3,313,000 of settled actions, two plaintiffs naming Universal have settled for \$26,500. No money was paid by Universal in connection with any settlement. Following these dismissed and settled actions, there currently exist 16 plaintiffs that name Universal.

As set forth in more detail below, the Company has been indemnified against asbestos-based claims, and insurance companies are defending the interests of the Predecessor and the Company in these cases.

Based on advice of counsel, the Company believes that none of the litigation that was brought against the Company’s Universal subsidiary through December 31, 2006 is material, and that the only material litigation that was brought against Predecessor through that date was Rhodes v. A.O. Smith Corporation, filed on April 26, 2004 in the Superior Court of New Jersey, Law Division, Middlesex County, Docket Number MID-L-2979-04AS. The Company was advised that the Rhodes case was settled for \$3,250,000 (“Settlement”) under an agreement reached in connection with a \$10,000,000 jury verdict that was rendered on August 5, 2005. The Company was not a defendant in the Rhodes case.

On April 29, 2005, prior to the Rhodes case trial, the Predecessor filed a third party complaint against Sid Harvey Industries (“Third Party Complaint”) in an action demanding contributor payment in connection with the Settlement. Sid Harvey Industries moved successfully for summary judgment. The Predecessor filed an appeal as to the dismissal of Predecessor’s Third Party Complaint. In a decision dated December 29, 2006, the Superior Court of New Jersey, Appellate Division, reversed the dismissal of Predecessor’s Third Party Complaint and remanded the matter for further proceedings as to Predecessor’s claim for contribution.

The Company believes that Rhodes differed from the other lawsuits in that plaintiff established that he contracted mesothelioma as a result of his occupational exposure to asbestos dust and fibers and that a predecessor of the Company was a major supplier of the asbestos containing products that allegedly caused his disease.

Indemnification

John A. Hildebrandt, Paul Hildebrandt and the Predecessor have jointly and severally agreed to indemnify our Universal subsidiary from and against any and all damages, liabilities and claims due to exposure to asbestos at any time prior to the June 25, 1999 closing of the purchase agreement referred to earlier. These agreements are set forth in the purchase agreement. Paul Hildebrandt, one of the indemnitors, was a Director of the Company from September 29, 2004 to January 28, 2005.

The indemnitors may use their own counsel to defend these claims. The indemnitors are not liable for any settlement effected without their consent. The indemnitors may settle and pay money claims without the consent of the Company. There is no indemnification unless claims aggregate \$50,000; once this trigger point is reached, indemnification is required for all claims, including the first \$50,000, but excluding claims of less than \$10,000. The indemnification requirement survives at least until 30 days after the running of any relevant statutes of limitation.

The obligation of the indemnitors is joint and several, so that the Company can have recourse against any one or more of these indemnitors, whether or not any other indemnitor has previously defaulted on its obligation to us. There are no other limitations to our rights to indemnification.

Insurance

The assets that the Predecessor sold to us included its insurance policies and other agreements and contracts. The policies provide coverage for liability accruing during the periods for which premiums were paid. The Predecessor was formed in 1940. Copies of policies are available for each year beginning in 1970 and ending with the closing under the purchase agreement in 1999. Copies of policies for the period from 1940 to 1969 are not available.

Insurance companies acknowledge coverage for potential asbestos claims under certain of these policies. Insurance companies under additional policies have reserved their right to deny coverage but have continued to defend and indemnify the Predecessor and the Company under the contested policies.

There are periods during the years from 1940 to 1999 in which our Predecessor did not have coverage for potential asbestos claims. Subject to litigation, insurance companies may maintain that the existence of these periods' results in coverage for only a portion of a particular injury that varies with the period during which there was asbestos coverage relating to the injury, and that the balance of any settlement or judgment is to be paid by the insured. To date, no insurance company has claimed any contribution for a gap in coverage except for a claim for \$159.64 made by one insurance company to the Predecessor in 1995. The Predecessor asserted that it had no obligation to pay this amount and did not make any payment.

Insurance companies have to date defended us and the Predecessor, and have paid all settlement amounts and defense costs. Except for \$159.64 referred to above, the insurance companies have not requested any payments from us or from the Predecessor.

Our Universal subsidiary has not engaged in the sale of asbestos products since its formation in 1997. Its product liability policies for all years since 1998 exclude asbestos claims.

General

Regardless of indemnification and insurance coverage, we do not in any event consider our Company to be liable for the asbestos-based lawsuits that name us or for any other claim that arises as a result of actions or omissions by Predecessor companies. We expressly disclaimed the assumption of any liabilities when we purchased the assets of the Predecessor. It is our opinion that the existing asbestos litigation will not have a material adverse effect on the Company. Nevertheless, we could be materially and adversely affected if we are held liable for substantial asbestos claims or if the Company incurs substantial legal or settlement costs. This material and adverse effect would occur if indemnitors fail to honor their indemnification agreements and insurance is not available either because policy limits are exceeded, or because insurance companies successfully claim limitations on their liabilities by reason of gaps in coverage or otherwise.

Since we do not regard as likely the potential payment of any asbestos-based claim, we have not accrued any balance for any period relating to asbestos claims, and we have not recorded any amount for asbestos claims for any period in any of our financial statements.

Other Litigation

The Company is involved in other litigation incidental to the operation of its business. The Company vigorously defends all matters in which the Company or its subsidiaries are named defendants and, for insurable losses, maintains significant levels of insurance to protect against adverse judgments, claims or assessments. Although the adequacy of existing insurance coverage or the outcome of any legal proceedings cannot be predicted with certainty, the Company does not believe the ultimate liability associated with any claims or litigation will have a material impact to its financial condition or results of operations.

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

None.

PART II

Item 5. Market for the Registrant’s Common Stock, Convertible Preferred Stock and Related Stockholder Matters

(a) Price Range of Common Stock and Convertible Preferred Stock

From July 11, 2002 through March 30, 2004, the Company’s common stock was traded on the Over the Counter (OTC) – Pink Sheets market. Commencing March 31, 2004, the Company’s common stock and convertible preferred stock were traded on the Over the Counter (OTC)-Bulletin Board market. The following table sets forth the quarterly high and low bid prices during 2006 and 2005. The quotations set forth below represent inter-dealer quotations, which exclude retail markups, markdowns and commissions and do not necessarily reflect actual transactions.

	Common Stock		Convertible Preferred Stock	
	High	Low	High	Low
2006				
First Quarter	\$ 2.38	\$ 1.95	\$ 2.40	\$ 1.79
Second Quarter	3.00	2.10	2.85	2.10
Third Quarter	2.50	1.85	2.30	2.00
Fourth Quarter	2.35	1.70	2.40	1.80
	Common Stock		Convertible Preferred Stock	
	High	Low	High	Low
2005				
First Quarter	\$ 1.65	\$ 1.40	\$ 1.68	\$ 1.48
Second Quarter	1.66	1.35	1.60	1.32
Third Quarter	2.70	1.50	2.75	1.46
Fourth Quarter	2.75	2.00	2.55	1.85

(b) Approximate number of common and convertible preferred stockholders:

Title of Class	Approximate Number of Record Holders (As of March 1, 2007)
Common stock par value \$.05 per share	293
Convertible preferred stock par value \$.05 per share	851

(c) Dividends

The Company does not contemplate common stock dividend payments in the near future and is restricted from paying any dividends under its credit facility.

(d) Securities Authorized for Issuance Under Equity Compensation Plans

The following table sets forth as of December 31, 2006 certain information regarding the securities authorized for issuance under the 1996 Stock Incentive Plan and the Colonial Commercial Corp. 2006 Stock Plan, as of December 31, 2006.

Equity Compensation Plan Information			
	Number of securities to be issued upon exercise of outstanding options, warrants and rights	Weighted-average exercise price of outstanding options, warrants and rights	Number of securities remaining available for future issuance under equity compensation plans
1996 Stock Incentive Plan:			
Equity compensation plans approved by security holders	74,000	\$ 0.25	0
Equity compensation plans not approved by security holders	0	\$ 0.00	0
Colonial Commercial Corp. 2006 Stock Plan:			
Equity compensation plans approved by security holders	100,000	\$ 1.85	900,000
Equity compensation plans not approved by security holders	0	\$ 0.00	0
Total	174,000	\$ 1.17	900,000

In June 1996, the Company adopted the 1996 Stock Option Plan (the “1996 Plan”) to grant options to key employees and other persons who render service (non-employee) to the Company. The plan expired on December 31, 2005.

At December 31, 2006, a total of 74,000 options were outstanding under the Company’s 1996 Stock Option Plan, which have expiration dates ranging from 2009 to 2013.

On September 29, 2006, the Company adopted the Colonial Commercial Corp. 2006 Stock Plan, (the “2006 Plan”). The 2006 Plan enables the Company to grant equity and equity-linked awards to our Directors, officers, employees and other persons who provide services to the Company. The 2006 Plan is intended to allow us to provide incentives that will (1) strengthen the desire of highly competent persons to provide services to us and (2) further stimulate their efforts on our behalf.

On December 6, 2006, (the “Grant Date”), 100,000 options, having an expiration date in 2016, were granted under the Company’s 2006 Plan, of which 40,000 options vested and became exercisable immediately and 20,000 options vest and become exercisable on each of the first three anniversaries of the Grant Date. As of December 31, 2006 all 100,000 options were outstanding. On January 22, 2007, Phillip Siegel resigned as a Director and his 15,000 options that would have vested on each of the first three anniversaries of the Grant Date were forfeited and he has sixty days from the date of his resignation to exercise his 10,000 vested options.

Item 6. Selected Financial Data

	Years Ended December 31,								
	As		As		As		As		2002
	Restated	Previously Reported	Restated	Previously Reported	Restated	Previously Reported	Restated	Previously Reported	
	2006	2006	2005	2005	2004	2004	2003	2003	
Sales	\$ 71,494,652	\$ 71,494,652	\$ 66,690,945	\$ 66,690,945	\$ 61,454,128	\$ 61,454,128	\$ 44,671,136	\$ 44,671,136	\$ 36,998,800
Operating income	2,017,082	2,017,082	2,347,645	2,400,424	1,580,076	1,717,812	1,167,591	1,296,597	226,567
Income (loss) from continuing operations	815,772	815,772	2,062,852	2,115,631	1,523,420	1,661,156	1,191,257	1,320,263	(106,310)
Income from operations of discontinued segment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,300,695(1)
Net income	\$ 815,772	\$ 815,772	\$ 2,062,852	\$ 2,115,631	\$ 1,523,420	\$ 1,661,156	\$ 1,191,257	\$ 1,320,263	\$ 3,194,385
Income (loss) per common share:									
Basic:									
Continuing operations	\$.18	\$.18	\$.48	\$.49	\$.45	\$.49	\$.60	\$.67	\$ (0.07)
Income on discontinued operation	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2.06
Net income per common share	\$.18	\$.18	\$.48	\$.49	\$.45	\$.49	\$.60	\$.67	\$ 1.99
Diluted:									
Continuing operations	\$.16	\$.15	\$.40	\$.40	\$.34	\$.36	\$.34	\$.38	\$ (0.07)
Income on discontinued operation	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2.06
Net income per common share	\$.16	\$.15	\$.40	\$.40	\$.34	\$.36	\$.34	\$.38	\$ 1.99

December 31,

	As		As		As			
	Restated	Previously Reported	Restated	Previously Reported	Restated	Previously Reported		
	2006	2005	2004	2004	2003	2003	2002	
Total assets	\$28,517,944	\$27,217,854	\$27,537,375	\$24,248,516	\$24,515,258	\$20,489,981	\$20,618,987	\$13,686,842
Current liabilities								
Borrowings under credit facility	13,615,696	11,745,985	11,745,985	12,325,209	12,325,209	12,232,030(1)	12,232,030(1)	10,350,889(1)
Other	6,832,504	8,216,989	8,216,989	6,617,377	6,617,377	7,089,276(2)	7,089,276(2)	3,953,063(2)
Long-term liabilities, less current obligations	1,317,394	1,400,834	1,400,834	1,398,774	1,398,774	326,700	326,700	64,775

- (1) The amounts shown in the table as “Borrowings under Credit Facility,” as of December 31, 2003 and December 31, 2002, includes \$2,500,000 which Colonial Commercial Corp. and Universal agreed to pay to their lending bank in consideration of the bank releasing Colonial Commercial Corp. and Universal from their guarantees to the bank of an additional \$3,300,695 of Atlantic Hardware & Supply Corporation’s (“Atlantic”) line of credit. Atlantic, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, is a discontinued operation with no assets. The release from the \$3,300,695 of the guarantee resulted in the recognition of income from discontinued operations in 2002.
- (2) Amount includes \$219,007 of contingent liabilities of Atlantic. This liability was settled in June 2004.

Item 7. Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Forward-Looking Statements

The following material contains forward-looking statements relating to such matters as anticipated financial performance and business prospects. When used in this Report, the words “anticipates,” “expects,” “believes,” “may,” “intends” and similar expressions are intended to be among the statements that identify forward-looking statements. From time to time, the Company may also publish forward-looking statements. The Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 provides a safe harbor for forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties, including, but not limited to, the consummation of certain events referred to in this report, the availability of financing, technological changes, competitive factors, maintaining customer and vendor relationships, inventory obsolescence and availability, and other risks detailed in the Company’s periodic filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission, which could cause the Company’s actual results and experience to differ materially from the anticipated results or other expectations expressed in the Company’s forward-looking statements.

Critical Accounting Policies

The accounting policies below are critical to the Company's business operations and the understanding of results of operations. The Company's discussion and analysis of its financial condition and results of operations are based upon the Company's consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. The preparation of these financial statements requires the Company to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities as the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amount of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. The Company bases its estimates on historical experience and on various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of asset and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions.

Revenue for the Company primarily consists of sales of heating, ventilation and air conditioning equipment, climate control systems and plumbing fixtures and supplies. The Company recognizes revenue after it receives a purchase order with a fixed determinable price from the customer and shipment of products has occurred in accordance with the shipping terms. There are no further obligations on the part of the Company subsequent to revenue recognition, except for returns of defective products from the Company's customers, which are covered under the manufacturer's warranty. The Company will receive a vendor credit from the manufacturer related to the warranted product in question, at which time credits are issued to the customer. The Company does not provide a warranty on products sold; rather the warranty is provided by the manufacturer.

The Company maintains an allowance for doubtful accounts for estimated losses resulting from the inability of its customers to make required payments. The Company establishes and monitors the allowance for doubtful accounts based on the credit risk of specific customers, customer concentrations, historical trends and other information. The Company had accounts receivable of \$9,281,344 and an allowance for doubtful accounts of \$212,043 as of December 31, 2006. Although the Company believes its allowance is sufficient, if the financial condition of the Company's customers were to deteriorate, resulting in an impairment of their ability to make payments, additional allowances would be required.

The Company writes down its inventories for estimated slow moving and obsolete goods in accordance with the lower of cost or market value, based upon assumptions about future demand and market conditions. A significant sudden increase in the demand for the Company's products could result in a short-term increase in the cost of inventory purchases, while a significant decrease in demand could result in an increase in the amount of excess inventory quantities on-hand. Additionally, the Company's estimates of future product demand may prove to be inaccurate, in which case the Company may have understated or overstated the write-down required for excess and obsolete inventory.

Under Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 142, goodwill is reviewed at least annually for impairment. In assessing the recoverability of the Company's goodwill, the Company must make assumptions regarding estimated future cash flows and other factors to determine the fair value of the respective assets and liabilities of the reporting unit. Upon adoption and again as a result of the Company's annual impairment test, there was no indication of impairment for goodwill acquired in prior business combinations. If the Company's estimates or its related assumptions change in the future, the Company may be required to record impairment charges related to its goodwill. Goodwill and other intangible assets amounting to \$1,628,133 and \$3,500 at December 31, 2006, respectively, consist of assets arising from acquisitions.

The Company has accounted for, and currently accounts for, income taxes in accordance with Statement 109 "Accounting for Income Taxes." This statement establishes financial accounting and reporting standards for the effects of income taxes that result from an enterprise's activities during the current and preceding years. It requires an asset and liability approach for financial accounting and reporting of income taxes. The realization of future tax benefits of deductible temporary differences and operating loss or tax credit carryforwards will depend on whether the Company will have sufficient taxable income of an appropriate character within the carryback and carryforward period permitted by the tax law to allow for utilization of the deductible amounts and carryforwards. Without sufficient taxable income to offset the deductible amounts and carryforwards, the related tax benefits will expire unused. The Company evaluates both positive and negative evidence in making a determination as to whether it is more likely than not that all or some portion of the deferred tax asset will not be realized. As of December 31, 2006, the Company had a deferred tax valuation allowance of approximately \$9,000,000.

Comparison of Year Ended December 31, 2006 with Year Ended December 31, 2005

Sales increased by 7.2%, or \$4,803,707, to \$71,494,652 for the year ended December 31, 2006 from \$66,690,945 for the same period in 2005. The increase in sales is primarily a result of increased market penetration at two of the Company's subsidiaries, an increase in general industry pricing, and increased sales of additional hydronic heating product lines. The increases in these areas were offset by weaknesses in sales of heating equipment, parts and accessories related to an unusually warm November and December, as well as weaknesses in sales of commercial control systems.

Gross profit increased by 6.5%, or \$1,306,809, to \$21,437,206 for the year ended December 31, 2006 from \$20,130,397 for the same period in 2005. Gross profit expressed as a percentage of sales decreased by 0.2% to 30.0% in 2006 compared to 30.2% for the comparable period in 2005. The lower gross profit expressed as a percentage of sales was caused by a decrease in sales of parts for heating systems due to a warmer November and December. The sale of parts usually commands higher margins than equipment sales. Cost of sales excludes the distribution costs of incoming freight, purchasing, receiving, inspection, warehousing and handling costs, as these costs are included in our selling, general and administrative expenses. Our gross margins may not be comparable to those of other entities since some entities include these distribution costs in the cost of sales. These distribution costs were \$431,780 and \$421,248 for the years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005, respectively.

Operating income decreased by 14.1%, or \$330,563, to \$2,017,082 for the year ended December 31, 2006 from \$2,347,645 for the same period in 2005. This percentage decrease in operating income reflects the effect of the difference between the increase in gross profit of 6.5% compared to the increase in selling, general and administrative expenses of 9.2%. The increase in selling, general and administrative expenses was \$1,637,372 to \$19,420,124 for the year ended December 31, 2006 from \$17,782,752 for the same period in 2005. This was caused by increased expenses for additional personnel to improve customer service, and added cost for increased health insurance, gasoline, utility expenses and decreasing sales in our heating replacement parts and commercial control systems business. Staffing costs increased by \$802,077, while costs for trucking, fuel, and facilities increased by \$197,670.

Other income increased by 1.9%, or \$5,269, to \$277,866 for the year ended December 31, 2006 from \$272,597 for the same period in 2005. This increase is primarily the result of an increase in service charges collected from customers' past due invoices in the year ended December 31, 2006. Interest expense, net increased by 29.7%, or \$310,331, to \$1,354,785 for the year ended December 31, 2006 from \$1,044,454 for the same period in 2005. The interest expense increase is the result of increasing interest rates and increased borrowings under the credit line to support higher inventory levels and accounts receivable related to increased sales and higher inventory levels. The revolving credit line bears interest at .25% below prime rate, which was 8.0% at December 31, 2006 compared to 7.25% at December 31, 2005. As a result, pre tax income decreased by 40.3%, or \$635,625, to \$940,163 for the year ended December 31, 2006 from \$1,575,788 for the same period in 2005.

The Company's net income decreased by 60.5%, or \$1,247,080, to \$815,772 for the year ended December 31, 2006, compared to net income of \$2,062,852 for the same period in 2005. This decrease in net income was caused by the decrease in pre-tax income of \$635,625, as stated above, in addition to the effect of the inclusion of a deferred tax benefit in the year ended December 31, 2005 in the amount of \$641,500 with no benefit recognized in the year ended December 31, 2006. In 2005, the tax benefit resulted from extending the tax benefit calculation from a two year earnings projection to a three year earnings projection, due to improved earnings predictability.

Comparison of Year Ended December 31, 2005 with Year Ended December 31, 2004

The Company's net income increased 35.4% to \$2,062,852 for the year ended December 31, 2005, compared to net income of \$1,523,420 for the same period in 2004.

Sales increased 8.5% to \$66,690,945 for the year ended December 31, 2005 from \$61,454,128 for the same period in 2004. The increase in sales is primarily a result of increased market penetration at two of the Company's subsidiaries, an increase in general industry pricing, above average temperatures during the summer cooling season, and a continuing strong demand for residential and light commercial HVAC products and plumbing fixtures and supplies.

Gross profit increased 10.3% to \$20,130,397 for the year ended December 31, 2005 from \$18,246,411 for the same period in 2004. The increase in gross profit is primarily the result of the mentioned increases in sales, and the Company's improved ability to purchase products at more favorable pricing. Gross profit expressed as a percentage of sales increased to 30.2% in 2005 compared to 29.7% for the comparable period in 2004. Cost of sales excludes the distribution costs of incoming freight, purchasing, receiving, inspection, warehousing and handling costs, as these costs are included in our selling, general and administrative expenses. Our gross margins may not be comparable to those of other entities since some entities include these distribution costs in the cost of sales. These distribution costs were \$421,248 and \$325,109 for the years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004, respectively.

Selling, general and administrative expenses and cost of operations increased 6.7% to \$17,782,752 for the year ended December 31, 2005 from \$16,666,335 for the same period in 2004. This increase is primarily a result of costs associated with the increased sales growth, increased utility and fuel costs, general cost increases, increased accounting fees, and an increase of certain variable expense items based on sales, such as salaries, commissions, marketing expenses and vehicle costs.

Other income decreased by \$47,762 to \$272,597 for the year ended December 31, 2005 from \$320,359 for the same period in 2004. This decrease is primarily the result of a \$58,000 gain from the settlement of a contingent liability of a discontinued operation recognized in 2004 with no such gain in 2005, partially offset by a \$15,994 increase in service charges collected for the year ended December 31, 2005.

Interest expense, net increased 19.3% to \$1,044,454 for the year ended December 31, 2005 from \$875,683 for the same period in 2004. This increase is primarily the result of eight increases in prime rate, raising the rate from 5.25% on December 31, 2004 to 7.25% on December 31, 2005.

Income tax benefit decreased by \$11,604 to a net tax benefit of \$487,064 for the year ended December 31, 2005 from a \$498,668 net tax benefit for the same period in 2004. In accordance with FASB Statement Number 109, the Company recorded a deferred tax benefit of \$641,500 for the year ended December 31, 2005 in order to recognize the expected utilization of available operating loss carryforwards, compared to \$645,600 in the year ended December 31, 2004. In addition, the Company recorded a state tax provision of \$170,675 for the year ended December 31, 2005 compared to \$137,932 for the year ended December 31, 2004.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Credit Facility

The Company has a total secured loan facility of \$15,000,000 pursuant to a credit and security agreement (“Agreement”) with Wells Fargo Business Credit, Inc. (“Wells”) consisting of a revolving line of credit including a \$2,000,000 two-year term loan. Final payment of the term loan was made in July of 2006. The revolving credit line bears interest at .25% below prime, and the term loan bore interest at .50% above prime. On May 11, 2006 the Company received a \$500,000 overadvance, payable in equal installments of \$12,500 each business day commencing July 11, 2006. The overadvance was paid in full on September 5, 2006. Effective June 23, 2006, the Agreement was amended to extend the maturity date from August 1, 2009 to August 1, 2010. The facility consists of a \$15,000,000 revolving line of credit which expires on August 1, 2010. The Company has standby letters of credit, which expire on July 31, 2007 and September 1, 2007, that reduce the credit facility by \$300,000 and \$100,000, respectively, and additional reserves determined by the bank that reduce the credit facility by \$100,000. Availability under the revolving credit line is determined by a percentage of available assets as defined in the Agreement, less letters of credit and reserves, and was \$142,216 as of December 31, 2006. The balance outstanding under the revolving line of credit was \$13,615,696 as of December 31, 2006. The interest rate on the revolving credit facility, as of December 31, 2006 was 8.0%.

Substantially all of the assets of the Company, as well as a pledge of the stock of Colonial Commercial Corp.'s operating subsidiaries, collateralize the loans. The facility contains covenants relating to the financial condition of the Company, its business operations, and restricts the payment of dividends, subordinated debt, purchase of securities, and capital expenditures. The Company must maintain a tangible net worth of approximately \$3.8 million for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2006. In addition, the Company is required to maintain certain levels of net income and cash flows, as defined in the agreement. All loans are due on demand by the bank, and accordingly, have been classified as current liabilities. In the event that Mr. Pagano no longer performs the duties of the President of Universal or the Vice President of RAL or American for any reason other than death or disability, the Company will be considered in default of its credit agreement with Wells Fargo Business Credit, Inc. unless a waiver is obtained.

The Company believes that the credit facility is sufficient to finance its current operating needs. However, the business of the Company would be materially and adversely affected if the bank demands payment of the loan and the Company is unable to refinance the loan.

As of December 31, 2006, the Company had \$482,251 in cash compared with \$613,456 at December 31, 2005.

Net cash used in operating activities was \$1,409,274 for the year ended December 31, 2006. The net cash used in operating activities for the 2006 period is primarily a result of net income of \$815,772 and non-cash charges of \$768,545, offset by cash used in operating assets and liabilities of \$2,993,591. The increase in accounts receivable of \$701,615 was a direct correlation to the increase in sales compared to the prior year. Accounts payable decreased by \$1,272,786 as a reflection of the reduced purchase requirements for the warmer months of November and December and \$400,000 additional cash that became available as a result of the final payment of the term loan in July of 2006.

Cash flows used in investing activities were \$450,129 during the year ended December 31, 2006 due to \$300,504 in purchases of equipment and \$149,625 in the purchase of Speed Queen assets from Goldman Associates of NY, Inc.

Cash flows provided by financing activities of \$1,728,198 consisted of \$2,432,688 in borrowings under the credit facility-revolving credit, \$500,000 in borrowings under the credit facility-overadvance, \$8,000 received from the exercise of stock options and \$13,073 from the issuance of notes payable. Cash flows used in financing activities consisted of \$562,977 for repayments under the credit facility-term loan, \$500,000 repayments under the credit facility-overadvance and \$162,586 for repayments on notes payable.

Equity Transactions

During the year ended December 31, 2006, the Company issued 32,000 shares of common stock pursuant to the exercise of stock options. On April 3, 2006, Ronald H. Miller obtained 12,000 shares of common stock, by exercising 12,000 outstanding stock options. Mr. Miller is a Director of the Company. On April 17, 2006, Jack Rose obtained 12,000 shares of common stock, by exercising 12,000 outstanding stock options. Mr. Rose was a Director of the Company at the time of the transaction. On May 16, 2006, a non-executive employee of the Company obtained 4,000 shares of common stock by exercising 4,000 outstanding stock options. On May 31, 2006, a non-executive employee of the Company obtained 4,000 shares of common stock by exercising 4,000 outstanding stock options.

The Company's reports on Form 8-K and Form 8-K/A filed on April 21, 2006 and April 25, 2006, respectively, refer to sales of common stock by former Directors of the Company to two current Directors and other investors. Concurrently with these transactions, Messrs. Bernard Korn, William Koon, Jack Rose and Carl Sussman resigned as Directors of the Company, and Mr. Korn also resigned as Chief Executive Officer and Chairman of the Board.

During the year ended December 31, 2006, holders of a total of 17,221 shares of redeemable convertible preferred stock converted these shares into 17,221 shares of Common Stock. As of December 31, 2006, the number of convertible preferred shares outstanding was 467,500. As a result of this reduction in the number of outstanding shares of convertible preferred stock, commencing at the 2006 annual meeting of stockholders, the holders of common and convertible preferred stock vote together as one class to elect one class of Directors.

Contractual Obligations:

The following table represents certain contractual commitments associated with operating agreements, obligations to financial institutions and other long-term debt obligations as of December 31, 2006:

	Payment Due by Period (in thousands)				
	Total	Less than 1 Year	2-3 Years	4-5 Years	Over 5 Years
Operating leases	\$ 13,438	\$ 3,288	\$ 4,524	\$ 2,679	\$ 2,947
Compensation agreements	2,460	770	1,090	600	-
Notes payable	1,454	137	1,311	6	-
Notes payable interest	214	127	87	-	-
Line of credit	13,616	13,616	-	-	-
Line of credit interest	1,089	1,089	-	-	-
Totals	<u>\$ 32,271</u>	<u>\$ 19,027</u>	<u>\$ 7,012</u>	<u>\$ 3,285</u>	<u>\$ 2,947</u>

Notes payable carry a fixed interest percentage rate per annum, with the exception of a \$750,000 note that accrues interest at the prime rate. "Notes payable interest" in the table assumes an average annual prime rate of 8.25%. The prime rate as of December 31, 2006 was 8.25%. See Note 6, Notes Payable, of the Financial Statements for the terms of these notes.

"Line of credit" in the table is shown as a less than one year obligation because the lending bank may demand payment at any time. The line of credit consists of a revolving credit line that bears interest at .25% below prime. "Line of credit interest" in the table assumes that the principal amount outstanding on the line is paid in full on December 31, 2007, that the principal amount to be repaid on that date will be \$13,616,000 (which is the principal amount that was outstanding on December 31, 2006), and assumes that the average prime rate will be 8.25% in 2007. The prime rate was 8.25% as of December 31, 2006. See Note 5, Financing Arrangements, of the Financial Statements for the terms of the line of credit.

Impact of Inflation and Seasonality

To date, inflation has had a minor impact on the Company's operations causing limited price increases in certain product lines. The Company's business is affected by significant outdoor temperature swings. Demand related to the residential central air conditioning replacement market is highest in the second and third quarters with demand for heating equipment usually highest in the fourth quarter.

Item 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Market risk represents the risk of changes in value of a financial instrument, derivative or non-derivative, caused by fluctuations in interest rates, foreign exchange rates and equity prices. The Company has no financial instruments that give it exposure to foreign exchange rate or equity price risk.

The Company's pre-tax earnings and cash flows are exposed to changes in interest rates as all borrowings under its credit facility bear interest based on the prime rate less .25%, and the \$750,000 note to Goldman Associates of NY, Inc. bears interest at the prime rate. A hypothetical 10% adverse change in such rates would reduce the pre-tax earnings and cash flow for the year ended December 31, 2006 by approximately \$115,113 over a one-year period, assuming the borrowing level remains consistent with the outstanding borrowings as of December 31, 2006. The fair value of the borrowings under the credit facility is not affected by changes in market interest rates.

The Company's remaining interest-bearing obligations are at fixed rates of interest and as such do not expose pre-tax earnings and cash flows to changes in market interest rates. The change in fair value of the Company's fixed rate obligations resulting from a hypothetical 10% adverse change in interest rates would not be material.

Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data

The consolidated financial statements of the Company, together with the Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm thereon of Weiser LLP, appear herein. See Index to Consolidated Financial Statements, appearing on page F-1.

Item 9. Changes In and Disagreements With Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure

None

Item 9A. Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

As of the end of the period covered by this report, the Company carried out an evaluation under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and the operation of our "disclosure controls and procedures" (as such term is defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) as of December 31, 2006 ("Evaluation Date"). Based on this evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that, as of the Evaluation Date, the disclosure controls and procedures were not reasonably designed and effective to ensure that (i) information required to be disclosed by us in the reports we file or submit under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 was recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and (ii) such information was accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

On May 21, 2007, following consultation with, and upon recommendation of the Company's management and Audit Committee, the Board of Directors of the Company determined that certain vendor rebates should be recorded as an adjustment to the cost of the vendors' product and included as a reduction of cost of sales when recognized in the income statement. Previously, some vendor rebates were recognized as income, not as a reduction of costs when sold. The Company adjusted certain vendor rebates using the cumulative effect transition method pursuant to the guidance contained in SAB 108. Based upon this evaluation, the Company concluded that as of December 31, 2006, its disclosure controls and procedures in connection with the interpretation of accounting pronouncements were not effective.

On July 23, 2007, the Audit Committee and management of the Company concluded that the Company had improperly applied the guidance in SAB 108, specifically, the effect on materiality of the incorrect treatment of vendor rebates on net income for 2004.

Additionally, the Audit Committee and management of the Company concluded that per SFAS 128 convertible note interest, net of taxes, should be added back to net income when calculating diluted earnings per share to determine if the effect would be antidilutive. Previously, the Company did not add back interest, net of taxes, on convertible notes when making this calculation. The Company has corrected this procedure. The only changes resulting from this correction are to the number of diluted weighted average shares outstanding and the diluted earnings per share.

Accordingly, the Company has again concluded that the above is a result of material weaknesses in our internal controls over financial reporting and the Company's controls and procedures in connection with the interpretation of accounting pronouncements were not effective as of December 31, 2006. In connection with the review of its accounting for vendor rebates, the Company's management believed that it obtained the necessary understanding of the accounting and reporting for such transactions. The Company continues to develop controls and procedures and plans to implement additional controls and procedures sufficient to accurately report our financial performance in the foreseeable future. The Company has also augmented its finance and accounting staff by retaining an experienced independent consultant to enhance the Company's financial accounting and reporting capabilities.

Other than described above, there have been no significant changes in the Company's internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect internal controls subsequent to December 31, 2006.

PART III

Item 10. Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance

The names, ages and positions of the Registrant's Directors and executive officers are listed below, along with a brief account of their business experience during the last five years. Officers are appointed annually by the Board of Directors at its first meeting following the Annual Meeting of Stockholders and from time to time at the pleasure of the Board. There are no family relationships among these Directors and officers, except for Melissa Goldman-Williams, who is the daughter of Michael Goldman, nor any arrangements or understandings between any Directors or officers and any other person pursuant to which any of such officers were selected as executive officers.

<u>Name</u>	<u>Age</u>	<u>Position with the Company</u>
<u>Directors and Executive Officers:</u>		
<u>E. Bruce Fredrikson</u>	<u>68</u>	<u>Director, Chairman of Audit Committee</u>
<u>Melissa Goldman-Williams</u>	<u>38</u>	<u>Director</u>
<u>Michael Goldman</u>	<u>68</u>	<u>Director, Chairman of the Board</u>
<u>Stuart H. Lubow</u>	<u>49</u>	<u>Director, Chairman of Nominating Committee</u>
<u>Ronald H. Miller</u>	<u>63</u>	<u>Director</u>
<u>William Pagano</u>	<u>67</u>	<u>Director and Chief Executive Officer of the Company and President of Universal</u>
<u>William Salek</u>	<u>45</u>	<u>Chief Financial Officer and Secretary of the Company and Vice President of Universal</u>

Dr. E. Bruce Fredrikson

Dr. E. Bruce Fredrikson has been a Director of the Company since January 28, 2005. Dr. Fredrikson is currently an independent consultant in corporate finance and governance. He is Professor of Finance, Emeritus, at Syracuse University's Martin J. Whitman School of Management where he taught from 1966 until his retirement in May 2003. He is a director of Consumer Portfolio Services, Inc., a consumer finance company and of Track Data Corporation, a financial services company. Dr. Fredrikson holds an A.B. in economics from Princeton University and a M.B.A. in accounting and a Ph.D. in finance from Columbia University.

Melissa Goldman-Williams

Melissa Goldman-Williams has been a Director of the Company since October 22, 2004. Mrs. Goldman-Williams has been the Chief Operating Officer of Goldman Associates of NY, Inc., an appliance distributor, since 1996, and is also a member of the Board of Directors of said company. Mrs. Goldman-Williams holds a B.A. from Lehigh University and a Masters Degree in Environmental Management from Duke University. Previously, she was employed as an Environmental Consultant for a private consulting firm.

Michael Goldman

Michael Goldman has been a Director of the Company since September 29, 2004 and was appointed Chairman of the Board on April 17, 2006. Mr. Goldman has been the Chief Executive Officer and Chairman of the Board of Directors of Goldman Associates of NY, Inc., an appliance distributor, since 1987. Mr. Goldman is a Certified Public Accountant and holds a B.S. in Accounting from Brooklyn College and an M.B.A. in Management from Syracuse University.

Stuart H. Lubow

Stuart H. Lubow became a Director of the Company on May 11, 2006. Mr. Lubow is a founder, President and Chief Executive Officer of Community National Bank. Mr. Lubow was founder, President and Chief Executive Officer of Community State Bank from 1997 to 2003 and was the Executive Vice President and Chief Operating Officer of Garden State Bank until 1996. Mr. Lubow has been a banking executive for over 25 years. He is a past Chairman of the Community Bankers Association of New Jersey, as well as the former Chairman of the Teaneck Development Corporation. Mr. Lubow holds a B.A. in Accounting from Moravian College and has served as an instructor at the New York University School of Continuing Education.

Ronald H. Miller

Ronald H. Miller has been a Director of the Company since 1983. Mr. Miller holds a B.S. in Education from Ohio State University and a J.D. from Ohio State University. Mr. Miller has been engaged in the practice of law since 1969 and as a sole practitioner since 1988. Mr. Miller is an acting Judge of Auglaize County Municipal Court in the State of Ohio.

William Pagano

William Pagano has been the President of Universal since November 1998, and was appointed as a Director of the Company in February 2002, as President of the Company on October 27, 2005, and as Chief Executive Officer on April 17, 2006. Prior to November 1998 Mr. Pagano was engaged in the practice of law for 20 years. Mr. Pagano holds a B.S. in Industrial Management, and an M.B.A., both from Fairleigh Dickinson University. Mr. Pagano also holds a J.D. from Seton Hall University and is an attorney at law licensed in the State of New Jersey.

William Salek

William Salek has been the Vice President of Universal since June 1999 and was appointed as the Chief Financial Officer of the Company in October 2004 and Secretary of the Company in February 2005. Mr. Salek has been employed by Universal since 1983. Mr. Salek holds a B.S. in Accounting from Clarion University. Mr. Salek is a director of Educational Partnership for Instructing Children, Inc., a non-profit learning institute.

Compliance with Section 16(a) of the Exchange Act

The Company believes that during the period from January 1, 2006 through December 31, 2006, all executive officers, Directors and greater than 10% beneficial owners, complied with Section 16(a) filing requirements.

Code of Ethics

The Company has adopted a Code of Ethics that applies to all employees, including all employees of the Company's subsidiaries, as well as each member of the Company's Board of Directors.

Audit Committee

The Company has a separately designated standing audit committee established in accordance with Section 3(a)(58)(A) of the Exchange Act. Serving on the Committee are E. Bruce Fredrikson and Ronald H. Miller. Phillip Siegel served on the Committee prior to his resignation as a Director on January 22, 2007. The Board of Directors had determined that it has two audit committee financial experts serving on the Audit Committee, Dr. Fredrikson and Ronald H. Miller. Both Dr. Fredrikson and Mr. Miller are independent Directors as defined in Item 7(d)(3)(iv) of Schedule 14A.

Item 11. Executive Compensation

Compensation Discussion and Analysis

Overview

This compensation discussion and analysis describes and analyzes the material elements of compensation awarded to, earned by, or paid to each of our executive officers who served as named executive officers during the last completed fiscal year. This compensation discussion and analysis focuses on the information contained in the following tables and related footnotes and narrative for primarily the last completed fiscal year, but we also describe compensation actions taken before or after the last completed fiscal year to the extent it enhances the understanding of our executive compensation disclosure.

Prior to June 13, 2006, our Board of Directors oversaw and administered our executive compensation program. The compensation committee currently oversees the design and administration of our executive compensation program.

The principal elements of our executive compensation program are base salary, annual incentive compensation award, stock options and other benefits and perquisites. Our other benefits and perquisites consist of automobile payments, related automobile costs, prescription benefits and reimbursement for Medicare payments. Our philosophy is to position the aggregate of these elements at a level that is commensurate with our size and sustained performance.

Compensation Program Objectives and Philosophy

The objectives of our compensation program are to:

- a. Attract, motivate and retain qualified and dedicated executive officers.
- b. Retain talented executives and motivate them to achieve business objectives that will enhance stockholder value.
- c. Provide our executive officers with cash incentives to further the interests of the Company and our stockholders.

Generally, the compensation of our executive officers is composed of a base salary, an annual incentive compensation award and equity awards in the form of stock options. In setting base salaries, the Board generally reviewed (and going forward the compensation committee will review) the individual contributions of the particular executive. The annual incentive compensation award for 2006 is determined by terms set forth in each executive officer's employment agreement. In addition, stock options may be granted to provide the opportunity for long-term compensation based upon the performance of our stock over time.

The following is the compensation committee's policy for persons who do not have employment agreements with the Company:

The compensation committee is responsible for determining the annual salary and incentive compensation awards, stock awards and other compensation of executive officers who do not have employment agreements as well as stock awards and other compensation of executive officers who have employment agreements. In its deliberations regarding compensation of executive officers, the compensation committee considers the following factors:

- a. Company performance, both separately and in relation to similar companies;
- b. The individual performance, experience and scope of responsibilities of each executive officer;
- c. Compensation and stock award information disclosed in the proxy statements of other companies;
- d. Historical compensation levels and stock awards at the Company;
- e. The overall competitive environment for executives and the level of compensation necessary to attract and retain executive talent; and
- f. The recommendations of management.

Compensation Process

Prior to June 13, 2006, our Board approved the compensation of our named executive officers, including the terms of their employment agreements. Going forward, for each of our named executive officers, the compensation committee will, in accordance with the terms and conditions of any then effective employment agreements, review and approve all elements of compensation taking into consideration recommendations from our chief executive officer (for compensation other than his own), as well as competitive market guidance provided at the request of the compensation committee.

The Company's compensation program for executives consists of three elements:

- a. base salaries
- b. performance-based annual incentive compensation awards
- c. periodic grants of stock options

Base Salaries

The salaries for the executive officers are designed to retain qualified and dedicated executive officers. The compensation committee reviews salary recommendations made by the Company's Chief Executive Officer (other than for executive officers covered by employment agreements), and evaluates individual responsibility levels, performance and length of service.

Annual Incentive Compensation Awards

Annual incentive compensation awards provide the Company with a means of rewarding performance based upon the attainment of corporate profitability during the year. Mr. Pagano and Mr. Salek, pursuant to their employment contracts, receive annual incentive compensation awards based upon a percentage of earnings of the Company's subsidiaries. Mr. Pagano and Mr. Salek accrued an incentive compensation award of \$260,109 and \$30,958, respectively, for the year ended December 31, 2006.

Stock Options

Stock options may be granted to provide the opportunity for long-term compensation based upon the performance of our stock over time. During 2006, no stock options were granted to the Company's employees, or the executive officers.

Employee Benefit and Health Plans

The Company has a 401(k) plan, which covers substantially all employees. Participants in the plan may contribute a percentage of compensation, but not in excess of the maximum allowed under the Internal Revenue Code. The plan provides for matching contributions up to a maximum of 3% of employees' qualified wages.

The Company makes available life and health insurance for full time employees. Both the Company and the employees contribute to the payment of this plan in accordance with a published schedule as described in the Company's employment manual.

Summary Compensation Table

The following table sets forth information about compensation paid or accrued by the Company during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2006 to Bernard Korn, William Pagano and William Salek, the only named executive officers of the Company whose compensation exceeded \$100,000.

<u>Name and Principal Position</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Salary</u>	<u>Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensation</u>	<u>All Other Compensation</u>	<u>Total</u>
<u>Bernard Korn*</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>\$ 200,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>\$ 30,699</u>	<u>\$ 230,699</u>
<u>William Pagano—Director and Chief Executive Officer of the Company and President of Universal</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>\$ 200,000</u>	<u>\$ 260,109</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>\$ 460,109</u>
<u>William Salek—Chief Financial Officer and Secretary of the Company and Vice President of Universal</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>\$ 120,000</u>	<u>\$ 30,958</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>\$ 150,958</u>

*Mr. Korn resigned as Director, Chairman of the Board, and Chief Executive Officer of the Company on April 17, 2006. Currently, Mr. Korn is a non-executive employee of the Company.

Mr. Korn's all other compensation consists of \$11,962 in automobile lease payments, \$3,990 in automobile related costs, \$7,289 in prescription coverage for Mr. Korn and his wife, and \$7,458 in Medicare reimbursements.

During the fiscal years ended 2006, 2005 and 2004, no stock awards, option awards, bonuses or nonqualified deferred compensation earnings were earned by the named executive officers.

Narrative Disclosure to Summary Compensation Table

Mr. Korn was the Chairman of the Board, Director and Chief Executive Officer of the Company until his resignation as such on April 17, 2006. Mr. Pagano was the President and a Director of the Company for 2005 and was appointed Chief Executive Officer on April 17, 2006. Mr. Salek is the Chief Financial Officer and Secretary of the Company.

Bernard Korn

Concurrently with Mr. Korn's sale of 426,743 shares of common stock and his resignation as Chief Executive Officer, Director and Chairman of the Board on April 17, 2006, the Company entered into an employment agreement with Bernard Korn that cancelled and superseded a prior employment agreement.

Mr. Korn's employment under the new agreement is to end on December 31, 2010. Mr. Korn is required to perform duties that are reasonably assigned to him with his approval that he may not unreasonably withhold. Until December 31, 2008, he is required to devote his best efforts and significant time to his duties. During the balance of the term, Mr. Korn is required to devote reasonable efforts, consistent with his personal and business commitments, to the performance of his duties. The agreement provides for a salary of \$200,000 per year, reduced by any amounts payable to Mr. Korn for loss of earnings or the like under any insurance plan or policy the premiums for which are paid for in their entirety by the Company, and designated fringe benefits. The agreement contains confidentiality and non-compete provisions.

The agreement provides that until May 31, 2008, Mr. Korn may not without the prior written consent of the Company (i) knowingly sell any of the Company's securities to a 5% shareholder (as defined), or to a person who as a result of such sale would become a 5% shareholder, unless such person first enters into a standstill agreement in favor of the Company, (ii) acquire, agree to acquire or make any proposal to acquire any voting securities or assets of the Company or any of its affiliates, (iii) propose to enter into any merger, consolidation, recapitalization, business combination or other similar transaction involving the Company or any of its affiliates, (iv) make, or in any way participate in any solicitation of proxies to vote or seek to advise or influence any person with respect to the voting of any voting securities of the Company or any of its affiliates, (v) form, join or in any way participate in a group (as defined) in connection with any of the foregoing or (vi) advise, assist or encourage any other persons in connection with the foregoing.

See "Potential Payments Upon Termination or Change in Control" below for a discussion relating to payments payable to Mr. Korn upon termination or upon a change in control.

William Pagano

Mr. Pagano was appointed the Chief Executive Officer of the Company after Mr. Korn's resignation on April 17, 2006.

Universal Supply Group, Inc., a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company ("Universal"), and Mr. Pagano entered into an employment agreement dated as of June 25, 1999, as amended by Amendment No. 1 dated as of October 29, 2002, as further amended by Amendment No. 2 dated as of June 15, 2005, and as further amended by Amendment No. 3 dated as of March 12, 2007, pursuant to which the Company employed Mr. Pagano as President of Universal. The amended employment agreement provides for (i) a salary of \$200,000 per year, reduced by any amounts payable to Mr. Pagano for loss of earnings or the like under any insurance plan or policy the premiums for which are paid for in their entirety by the Company; (ii) fringe benefits commensurate with Mr. Pagano's position as President, in such group life, health, accident, disability or hospitalization insurance plans, subject to underwriting requirements as Universal, or its parent, may make available to its other executive employees and (iii) additional incentive compensation based on a percentage of earnings, as defined below, of the subsidiaries, limited to two times his base compensation. The amended employment agreement contains confidentiality and non-compete provisions and expires on December 31, 2010.

For the calendar year 2005 and for each of the calendar years 2006 through 2010, Mr. Pagano shall receive, as incentive compensation, a percentage of the Incentive Compensation Base. Incentive Compensation Base shall mean the Universal's net earnings (as determined by the Company, Universal's parent) which are included in the Company's consolidated audited financial statements, plus the amount of any deductions from net earnings which are made in such statements for (i) interest paid or accrued in connection with the acquisition of the Universal, (ii) Federal income taxes, (iii) parent company management fees or allocation of overhead from the parent company either paid or accrued and (iv) incentive compensation under this Agreement. Earnings of businesses acquired by Universal shall be included in determining incentive compensation base. Incentive compensation will be paid within 30 days following receipt by Universal of the Independent Accountant's report for the year involved and said report shall be binding and conclusive on the calculation of net earnings and incentive compensation. Incentive compensation for any year beginning in 2005 shall in no event exceed two times Mr. Pagano's base compensation for such year.

Portion of Incentive Compensation Base		Additional Compensation Percentages
Up to	\$ 250,000	8%
\$ 251,000	to \$ 500,000	9%
\$ 501,000	to \$ 750,000	10%
\$ 751,000	to \$ 1,000,000	11%
\$ 1,001,000	And over	12%

For the fiscal year ending December 31, 2006 the incentive compensation base was \$2,422,225 and the additional compensation was computed as follows:

Incentive Compensation Base	Additional Compensation Percentages	Incentive Compensation
\$ 250,000	at 8%	\$ 20,000
\$ 250,000	at 9%	\$ 22,500
\$ 250,000	at 10%	\$ 25,000
\$ 250,000	at 11%	\$ 27,500
\$ 1,375,908	at 12%	\$ 165,109
\$ 2,375,908		\$ 260,109

Total incentive compensation for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2006 was \$260,109.

In the event that Mr. Pagano no longer performs the duties of the President of Universal or the Vice President of RAL or American for any reason other than death or disability, the Company will be considered in default of its credit agreement with Wells Fargo Business Credit, Inc. unless a waiver is obtained.

William Salek

Effective January 1, 2005, Mr. Salek is employed pursuant to an employment agreement expiring on December 31, 2007 at a compensation of \$120,000 per annum. The agreement also provides for additional incentive compensation based on a percentage of earnings, as defined below, of the subsidiaries.

For each of the calendar years 2005 through 2007, Mr. Salek shall receive, as incentive compensation, a percentage of the Incentive Compensation Base. Incentive Compensation Base shall mean the Universal's net earnings (as determined by the Company, Universal's parent) which are included in the Company's consolidated audited financial statements, plus the amount of any deductions from net earnings which are made in such statements for (i) interest paid or accrued in connection with the acquisition of the Universal, (ii) Federal income taxes, (iii) parent company management fees or allocation of overhead from the parent company either paid or accrued and (iv) incentive compensation under this Agreement. Earnings of businesses acquired by Universal shall be included in determining incentive compensation base. Incentive compensation will be paid within 30 days following receipt by Universal of the Independent Accountant's report for the year involved and said report shall be binding and conclusive on the calculation of net earnings and incentive compensation.

Portion of Incentive Compensation Base		Additional Compensation Percentages
Up to	\$ 250,000	.25%
\$ 251,000	to \$ 500,000	.50%
\$ 501,000	to \$ 750,000	.75%
\$ 751,000	to \$ 1,000,000	1.00%
\$ 1,001,000	to \$ 1,250,000	1.25%
\$ 1,251,000	to \$ 1,500,000	1.50%
\$ 1,501,000	to \$ 1,750,000	1.75%
\$ 1,751,000	to \$ 2,000,000	2.00%
\$ 2,001,000	And over	2.25%

For the fiscal year ending December 31, 2006 the incentive compensation base was \$2,422,225 and the additional compensation was computed as follows:

Incentive Compensation Base	Additional Compensation Percentages	Incentive Compensation
\$ 250,000	.25%	\$ 625
\$ 250,000	.50%	\$ 1,250
\$ 250,000	.75%	\$ 1,875
\$ 250,000	1.00%	\$ 2,500
\$ 250,000	1.25%	\$ 3,125
\$ 250,000	1.50%	\$ 3,750
\$ 250,000	1.75%	\$ 4,375
\$ 250,000	2.00%	\$ 5,000
\$ 375,908	2.25%	\$ 8,458
\$ 2,375,908		\$ 30,958

Total incentive compensation for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2006 was \$30,958.

Outstanding Equity Awards at Fiscal Year End

The following table sets forth information about equity awards outstanding as of December 31, 2006.

Name	Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options Exercisable	Option Exercise Price	Option Expiration Date
Bernard Korn	52,000	\$ 0.25	February 11, 2013

On January 2, 2007 Bernard Korn obtained 52,000 shares of common stock by exercising 52,000 outstanding stock options. Following said transaction, there are no equity awards outstanding for the named executive officers.

Potential Payments Upon Termination or Change In Control

Assuming the employment of each of our named executive officers were to be terminated on December 31, 2006 without cause, by death or by change in control, the following individuals would be entitled to payments in the amounts set forth opposite to their name in the table below:

	Severance pay for termination without cause	Termination by death	Change of control
Bernard Korn	\$800,000 lump sum payment equal to the four total remaining \$200,000 payments payable to Mr. Korn under his employment agreement ; commencing 30 days after demand therefore, interest accrues on such lump sum obligation at the annual rate of 10% per annum and is payable on demand.	Mr. Korn's widow shall be entitled to the following two payments: (1) \$5,000 lump sum tax-free death benefit and (2) \$200,000 payable not less frequently than in bi-weekly installments.	None.*
William Pagano	None.	None.	None.
William Salek	None.	None.	None.

* If a change in control, as defined below, shall occur at any time from and after January 1, 2009, then the Company shall pay Mr. Korn in a lump sum, and without present value discount, the entire aggregate amount which would have been payable by the Company to Mr. Korn had Mr. Korn been employed for the entire term. Commencing thirty days after demand therefore, interest shall accrue on such lump sum obligation at the annual rate if 10% per annum and shall be payable on demand.

A “change of control” shall be deemed to have occurred if the stockholders of the Company approve a merger of the Company, or a plan of complete liquidation of the Company, or an agreement for the sale or disposition by the Company of all or substantially all of its assets, or any other business combination of the Company with any other corporation, other than any such merger or business combination which would result in the voting securities of the Company outstanding immediately prior thereto continuing to represent (either by remaining outstanding or by being converted into voting securities of the surviving entity) at least 50% of the total voting power represented by the voting securities of the Company or such surviving entity outstanding immediately after such merger or business combination.

Director’s Compensation

The following table sets forth compensation to members of the Board of Directors, other than those employed by the Company, during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2006.

<u>Name</u>	<u>Fees Earned or Paid in Cash</u>	<u>Option Awards</u>	<u>All Other Compensation</u>	<u>Total</u>
E. Bruce Fredrikson	\$ 19,500	\$ 17,804	-	\$ 37,304
Melissa Goldman-Williams	\$ 12,000	-	-	\$ 12,000
Michael Goldman	\$ 12,000	-	-	\$ 12,000
William Koon	\$ 6,000	-	\$ 3,000	\$ 9,000
Stuart H. Lubow	\$ 7,681	\$ 17,804	-	\$ 25,485
Ronald H. Miller	\$ 12,000	\$ 17,804	-	\$ 29,804
Jack Rose	\$ 6,000	-	\$ 3,000	\$ 9,000
Phillip Siegel	\$ 7,681	-	-	\$ 7,681
Carl Sussman	\$ 6,000	-	\$ 3,000	\$ 9,000

Members of the Board of Directors, other than those employed by the Company, received a fee of \$12,000 annually consisting of an annual retainer of \$8,000 and a fee of \$1,000 for each meeting of the Board, limited to \$4,000 per annum payable in advance in four equally quarterly installments.

Additionally, effective April 1, 2006, E. Bruce Fredrikson’s annual retainer fee for serving as a Director and Chairman of the Audit Committee increased from \$8,000 to \$18,000. The fee is payable in \$4,500 installments in advance of each quarter.

Members of the Board of Directors receive no fees if they are employed by the Company.

On December 6, 2006, the Company granted ten-year options to purchase 25,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$1.85 per share to each of the following Directors: E. Bruce Fredrikson, Stuart H. Lubow, Ronald H. Miller and Phillip Siegel. The option to each Director was immediately vested for 10,000 shares and will vest for 5,000 additional shares on each of the first three anniversaries of the Grant Date if the optionee then continues as a Director. The options were granted in reliance on the exemption from registration provided by Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. On January 22, 2007, Phillip Siegel resigned as a Director and his 5,000 options that would have vested on each of the first three anniversaries of the Grant Date were forfeited and he has sixty days from the date of his resignation to exercise his 10,000 vested options. Prior to his resignation as Director, Mr. Siegel served as Chairman of the Compensation Committee and as a member of the Audit and Nominating Committees.

Messrs. Koon, Rose and Sussman resigned as Directors of the Company on April 17, 2006 and each received other compensation in the amount of \$3,000 for and in consideration of their duties and service to the Company.

Compensation Committee Interlocks and Insider Participation

The Company did not have a Compensation Committee or any other committee of the Board of Directors performing equivalent functions until June 13, 2006. Prior to this date, decisions regarding compensation of named executive officers of the Company were made by the Board of Directors. Two of the company's executive officers, Bernard Korn and William Pagano, were Directors of the Company. Mr. Korn was the Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer of the Company until his resignation as Chief Executive Officer, Director and Chairman of the Board on April 17, 2006. Until June 13, 2006, each of these individuals participated in deliberations of the Board during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2006 concerning named executive officer compensation, except that they abstained from deliberations and voting regarding their own compensation.

On June 13, 2006, the Board of Directors appointed Phillip Siegel as Chairman of the Compensation Committee and E. Bruce Fredrikson and Stuart H. Lubow to serve on the Compensation Committee. On August 8, 2006 the Board of Directors adopted a Compensation Committee Charter.

Compensation Committee Report

The following report of the Compensation Committee does not constitute soliciting material and should not be deemed filed or incorporated by reference into any other Company filing under the Securities Act of 1933 or the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, except to the extent the Company specifically incorporates this Report by reference therein.

The Compensation Committee has reviewed and discussed the Compensation Discussion and Analysis with management and recommended to the Board of Directors that the Compensation Discussion and Analysis be included in this Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2006, for filing with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Phillip Siegel resigned as a Director on January 22, 2007, has not served on the Compensation Committee since that date, and did not participate in these recommendations.

Members of the Compensation Committee

E. Bruce Fredrikson

Stuart H. Lubow

Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management

The following table sets forth, as of March 1, 2007, information with respect to beneficial ownership by named executive officers and Directors of the Company, holders of over 5% of a class of stock and of named executive officers and Directors of the Company as a group.

Name of Beneficial Owner	Common Stock			Preferred Stock		
	Amount and Nature of Beneficial Ownership*		Percent of Class	Amount and Nature of Beneficial Ownership*		Percent of Class
Officers and Directors***:						
E. Bruce Fredrikson	16,000	(1)	**	500	(1)	**
Melissa Goldman-Williams	5,400		**	0		**
Michael Goldman	1,282,255	(2)	26.74%	0		**
Stuart H. Lubow	10,000	(3)	**	0		**
Ronald H. Miller	11,054	(4)	**	0		**
William Pagano	767,973	(5)	16.41%	0		**
William Salek	61,667	(6)	1.32%	0		**
All Officers and Directors as a Group:	2,154,349		44.19%	500		**
Holders of over 5% of a class of stock who are not Officers or Directors:						
Rita C. Folger	578,719	(7)	12.37%	0		**
Goldman Associates of NY, Inc.	1,099,255	(8)	22.92%	0		**

The beneficial owners listed above have all given a business address of 275 Wagaraw Road, Hawthorne, New Jersey 07506.

* For the purposes of this table, “Beneficial Ownership” is defined as set forth in rule 13d-3 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. Except as set forth in the following notes, each person listed in the table has sole voting and sole investment power with respect to the shares of Common Stock listed in the table.

** Represents beneficial ownership of less than one percent of the Company’s outstanding securities.

*** William Koon, Bernard Korn, Jack Rose and Carl Sussman resigned as Directors of the Company on April 17, 2006 and their beneficial ownership as of said date consisted of -0-, 202,512, 122,668 and 49,607 shares of Common Stock, respectively. On January 22, 2007, Phillip Siegel resigned as a Director and his 10,000 shares of Common Stock issuable upon exercise of his options expire sixty days after his resignation. Each of Messrs. Koon, Sussman and Siegel's beneficial ownership represent less than one percent of the Company's outstanding securities. Each of Messrs. Korn and Rose's beneficial ownership represented 4.37% and 2.68%, respectively, of the Company's outstanding securities.

(1) E. Bruce Fredrikson's beneficial ownership consists of 6,000 shares of Common Stock, 10,000 shares of Common Stock issuable upon exercise of his options, and 500 shares of Common Stock issuable at any time upon conversion of 500 shares of Convertible Preferred Stock.

(2) Michael Goldman is the President and majority shareholder of Goldman Associates of NY, Inc. ("Goldman Associates"). Goldman Associates is the owner of 949,255 shares of Common Stock ("Goldman Shares") and warrants ("Warrants") to purchase 150,000 shares of Common Stock at an exercise price of \$3.00 per share. The Warrants are exercisable at any time prior to their expiration on December 31, 2008. Mr. Goldman is the owner of 183,000 shares of Common Stock and the beneficial owner of the Warrants and the Goldman Shares. Mr. Goldman's beneficial ownership excludes 20,000 shares of Common Stock owned by his wife, of which Goldman Associates of New York, Inc. and Michael Goldman disclaim beneficial ownership. Mr. Goldman's wife disclaims beneficial ownership of Mr. Goldman's shares.

(3) Stuart H. Lubow's beneficial ownership consists of 10,000 shares of Common Stock issuable upon exercise of his options.

(4) Ronald H. Miller's beneficial ownership consists of 1,054 shares of Common Stock and 10,000 shares of Common Stock issuable upon exercise of his options.

(5) William Pagano's beneficial ownership consists of 734,640 shares of Common Stock and 33,333 shares of Common Stock issuable at any time upon conversion of a \$100,000 Convertible Note at a conversion price of \$3 per share.

(6) William Salek's beneficial ownership consists of 45,000 shares of Common Stock and 16,667 shares of Common Stock issuable upon conversion of a \$50,000 Convertible Note at a conversion price of \$3 per share.

(7) Rita C. Folger's beneficial ownership consists of 545,386 shares of Common Stock and 33,333 shares of Common Stock issuable upon conversion of a \$100,000 Convertible Note at a conversion price of \$3 per share. Mrs. Folger is the wife of Oscar Folger and the mother of Jeffrey Folger. Oscar and Jeffrey Folger acted as legal counsel for the Company through April 20, 2005. Oscar and Jeffrey Folger acted as legal consultants for the Company from April 21, 2005 through December 31, 2005 and since January 1, 2006 have been employed by the Company as, respectively, Vice President-Chief Legal Counsel and Assistant Vice President-Legal. Mr. Folger's beneficial ownership consists of 5,000 shares of Common Stock issuable at any time upon exercise of his options. Mr. Folger disclaims beneficial ownership of his wife's shares, and Mrs. Folger disclaims beneficial ownership of her husband's shares.

(8) The beneficial ownership of Goldman Associates of NY, Inc. consists of 949,255 shares of Common Stock and 150,000 warrants to purchase 150,000 shares of Common Stock, at an exercise price of \$3.00 per share. See Footnote 2, above, for information relating to beneficial ownership of these securities held by Michael Goldman.

Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence

Related Party Transaction Policies and Procedures

Policy

It is the policy of the Board of Directors of Colonial Commercial Corp. (the “Company”) that all Interested Transactions with Related Parties, as those terms are defined in this policy, shall be subject to approval or ratification in accordance with the procedures set forth below.

Procedures

The Board of Directors of the Company, or, if directed by the Board of Directors, the Audit Committee or any other independent committee appointed by the Board of Directors, shall review the material facts of all Interested Transactions that require the Committee’s approval and either approve or disapprove of the entry into the Interested Transaction, subject to the exceptions described below. If advance Board or committee approval of an Interested Transaction is not feasible, then the Interested Transaction shall be considered and, if the Board or committee determines it to be appropriate, ratified at the Board’s or committee’s next regularly scheduled meeting. In determining whether to approve or ratify an Interested Transaction, the Board or committee will take into account, among other factors it deems appropriate, whether the Interested Transaction is on terms no less favorable than terms generally available to an unaffiliated third-party under the same or similar circumstances and the extent of the Related Person’s interest in the transaction.

The Board of Directors and the Audit Committee have reviewed the Interested Transactions described below in “Standing Pre-Approval for Certain Interested Transactions” and determined that each of the Interested Transactions described therein shall be deemed to be pre-approved or ratified (as applicable) by the Board and the Audit Committee under the terms of this policy.

No Director shall participate in any discussion or approval of an Interested Transaction for which he or she is a Related Party, except that the Director shall provide all material information concerning the Interested Transaction to the Board or the committee.

If an Interested Transaction will be ongoing, the Board may establish guidelines for the Company’s management to follow in its ongoing dealings with the Related Party. Thereafter, the Board, on at least an annual basis, shall review and assess ongoing relationships with the Related Party to see that they are in compliance with these guidelines and that the Interested Transaction remains appropriate.

Definitions

An “Interested Transaction” is any transaction, arrangement or relationship or series of similar transactions, arrangements or relationships (including any indebtedness or guarantee of indebtedness) in which (1) the aggregate amount involved will or may be expected to exceed \$120,000 in any calendar year, (2) the Company is a participant, and (3) any Related Party has or will have a direct or indirect material interest (other than solely as a result of being a director or a less than 10 percent beneficial owner of another entity).

A “Related Party” is any (a) person who is or was (since the beginning of the last fiscal year for which the Company has filed a Form 10-K and proxy statement, even if they do not presently serve in that role) an executive officer, Director or nominee for election as a Director, (b) greater than 5 percent beneficial owner of the Company’s common stock, or (c) immediate family member of any of the foregoing. Immediate family member includes a person’s spouse, parents, stepparents, children, stepchildren, siblings, mothers- and fathers-in-law, sons- and daughters-in-law, and brothers- and sisters-in-law and anyone residing in such person’s home (other than a tenant or employee).

Standing Pre-Approval for Certain Interested Transactions

The Board and the Audit Committee have reviewed the types of Interested Transactions described below and determined that each of the following Interested Transactions shall be deemed to be pre-approved by the Committee, even if the aggregate amount involved will exceed \$120,000.

1. Employment of executive officers. Any employment by the Company of an executive officer of the Company if:
 - a. the related compensation is required to be reported in the Company’s proxy statement under Item 402 of the Securities and Exchange Commission’s (“SEC’s”) compensation disclosure requirements (generally applicable to “named executive officers”); or
 - b. the executive officer is not an immediate family member of another executive officer or Director of the Company, the related compensation would be reported in the Company’s proxy statement under Item 402 of the SEC’s compensation disclosure requirements if the executive officer was a “named executive officer”, and the Company’s Compensation Committee approved (or recommended that the Board approve) such compensation.
2. Director compensation. Any compensation paid to a Director if the compensation is required to be reported in the Company’s proxy statement under Item 402 of the SEC’s compensation disclosure requirements;
3. Certain transactions with other companies. Any transaction with another company at which a Related Person’s only relationship is as an employee (other than an executive officer), Director or beneficial owner of less than 10% of that company’s shares;
4. Transactions where all shareholders receive proportional benefits. Any transaction where the Related Person’s interest arises solely from the ownership of the Company’s common stock and all holders of the Company’s common stock received the same benefit on a pro rata basis (e.g. dividends);
5. Transactions involving competitive bids. Any transaction involving a Related Party where the rates or charges involved are determined by competitive bids.

Certain Relationships and Related Transactions

A subsidiary of the Company leases a warehouse and store in Wharton, New Jersey comprising of 27,000 square feet from a company owned by Mr. Paul Hildebrandt under a lease that expires in June 2010. The Company paid Mr. Hildebrandt's company \$224,885 during the year ended December 31, 2006. The Company owes Mr. Hildebrandt \$110,000 pursuant to two notes: (a) a subordinated note in the amount of \$150,000, paid \$30,000 annually commencing December 31, 2004 and (b) a \$50,000 convertible note due 50% on June 1, 2008 and 50% on June 1, 2009. William Salek, the Company's Chief Financial Officer, is the son-in-law of Mr. Hildebrandt. Mr. Hildebrandt served as a Director from July 2004 to January 2005.

Goldman Associates of NY, Inc. ("Goldman Associates") has agreed that it and its affiliates will not until May 31, 2008 without the prior written consent of the Board of Directors of the Company (i) acquire, agree to acquire or make any proposal to acquire any voting securities or assets of the Company or any of its affiliates, (ii) propose to enter into any merger, consolidation, recapitalization, business combination, or other similar transaction involving the Company or any of its affiliates, (iii) make, or in any way participate in any "solicitation" of "proxies" (as such terms are used in the proxy rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission) to vote or seek to advise or influence any person with respect to the voting of any voting securities of the Company or any of its affiliates or (iv) form, join or in any way participate in a "group" as defined in Section 13(d)(3) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, in connection with any of the foregoing or (v) advise, assist or encourage any other persons in connection with the foregoing. Michael Goldman is the beneficial owner of the shares held by Goldman Associates.

Each of Messrs. Goldman, Korn, Pagano, Rozzi, and Mrs. Folger has agreed that until May 31, 2008 he or she will not purchase any stock of the Company without written consent from the Company and that he or she will not sell any stock to any person if the sale would create a new 5% shareholder within the meaning of Internal Revenue Code Section 382 unless the buyer first enters into a similar standstill agreement.

In the event that Mr. Pagano no longer performs the duties of the President of Universal or the Vice President of RAL or American for any reason other than death or disability, the Company will be considered in default of its credit agreement with Wells Fargo Business Credit, Inc. unless a waiver is obtained.

The Company owes Goldman Associates, a private Company controlled by Michael Goldman, \$750,000 pursuant to a secured note which is subordinate to the Company's senior secured lender. The note bears interest at the prime rate and is due on June 30, 2008.

Mr. Pagano, Mr. Salek, Mrs. Folger and the wife of Michael Goldman are holders of convertible unsecured notes in the amounts of \$100,000, \$50,000, \$100,000 and \$25,000, respectively, issued pursuant to the terms of a private placement made on July 29, 2004.

On September 5, 2006, the Company was appointed a non-exclusive distributor of Speed Queen home laundry equipment in the New York metropolitan area, and in portions of Connecticut, Delaware and Eastern Pennsylvania. The Company succeeded Goldman Associates of New York, Inc. in this distributorship and, on August 31, 2006, purchased Goldman Associates' Speed Queen accounts receivable, inventory and related assets at book value for \$149,625. Goldman Associates is a private Company controlled by Michael Goldman who is the Chairman of Colonial. The Company also established a "Goldman Universal" division to distribute the Speed Queen home laundry system line and other appliances.

Pioneer Realty Holdings, LLC, a New York limited liability company (“Pioneer”), is the owner of the premises located at 836 Route 9, Fishkill, New York, formerly known as 2213 Route 9, Fishkill, New York that is leased to a subsidiary of the Company under a lease that expired September 2008, subject to renewal options, and provided for a current aggregate annual rent of \$133,500. Pioneer is the landlord under the Lease pursuant to an assignment and assumption agreement dated April 12, 2005.

On February 21, 2007, the Lease was further amended by a Third Modification of Lease Agreement to provide, among other things, for 25,947 square feet of the leased premises, a net increase of 14,443 square feet, for \$245,844 total annual fixed rent, an increase of \$106,740 per annum. The effectiveness of the Third Modification of Lease Agreement commences on the date of issuance of a certificate of occupancy for the Premises that are currently undergoing reconstruction. The term of the lease expires on March 31, 2017, subject to two five-year renewal options.

Additionally, on February 21, 2007, Pioneer granted the Company an option (“Option”) to purchase the Premises for (i) an exercise price equal to Pioneer’s total financial investment in the Premises through the date of exercise and (ii) the release of Mr. Pagano (and any other guarantors) from guaranties of mortgage loans secured by the Premises. The Option expires on July 31, 2007.

William Pagano has a 55% interest in Pioneer and each of Rita Folger and Jeffrey Folger has an 8% interest in Pioneer Realty Partners I, LLC, which has a 40% interest in Pioneer. Oscar Folger and Jeffrey Folger are the Vice President-Chief Legal Counsel and Assistant Vice President-Legal, respectively. The Company paid Pioneer Realty Holdings, LLC \$137,239 in rent during the year ended December 31, 2006.

Oscar and Jeffrey Folger acted as legal counsel for the Company through April 20, 2005. Oscar and Jeffrey Folger acted as legal consultants for the Company from April 21, 2005 through December 31, 2005 and each became an employee of the Company as Vice President-Chief Legal Counsel and Assistant Vice President-Legal, respectively, on January 1, 2006. Mrs. Folger is the wife of Oscar Folger and the mother of Jeffrey Folger. Professional fees paid to the Oscar Folger’s law firm for the years ended 2006, 2005 and 2004 were \$89,826, \$79,973 and \$71,115, respectively. Jeffrey Folger is an associate of Oscar Folger’s law firm. Additionally, in 2006, \$12,000 was paid to each Oscar and Jeffrey Folger as part time employees of the Company.

The positions with the Company and the relevant stock ownerships of the persons and entities referenced in this Item are set forth in Items 10 and 12.

Director Independence

The Board of Directors is comprised of six members, of which three are classified as “independent” as defined in the NASDAQ Stock Marketplace Rule 4200. The three independent Directors are E. Bruce Fredrikson, Stuart H. Lubow and Ronald H. Miller.

Item 14. Principal Accountant Fees And Services

Audit Fees

Audit fees for 2006 and 2005 were \$207,500 and \$227,385, respectively. All services provided by independent accountants were approved by the audit committee. Audit Fees consist of fees billed for professional services rendered for the audit of the Company’s annual statements, for review of interim consolidated financial statements included in quarterly reports and services that are normally provided by Weiser LLP in connection with statutory and regulatory filings or engagements.

Audit Related Fees

The Company did not incur audit related fees from Weiser in 2006 and 2005. Audit-Related Fees consist of fees billed for assurance and related services that are reasonably related to the performance of the audit or review of the Company’s consolidated financial statements and are not reported under “Audit Fees.”

Tax Fees

The Company did not incur tax fees from Weiser in 2006 and 2005. Tax Fees consist of fees billed for professional services rendered for tax compliance. These services include assistance regarding federal, state and local tax compliance.

All Other Fees

There were no other fees for professional services rendered to the Company during the fiscal years 2006 and 2005, other than the service reported above.

The Audit Committee meets with the independent auditor prior to the audit and discusses the planning and staffing of the audit, approves in advance the engagement of the independent auditor for all audit services and non-audit services and approves the fees and other terms of any such engagement, and obtains periodically from the independent auditor a formal verbal communication of the matters required to be discussed by Statements of Auditing Standards No. 61 and SEC Rule 10(a). In addition, the Company obtains a letter describing all relationships between the auditor and the Company and discusses with the auditor any disclosed relationships or services that may impact auditor objectivity and independence.

PART IV

Item 15. Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedules

- (a) Exhibits and Financial Statements
 - (1) Financial Statements. See Item 8. Index to Financial Statements
 - (2) Financial Statement Schedules. See F-1 through F-, attached
 - (3) Exhibits

INDEX TO EXHIBITS

<u>Exhibit</u>	<u>Exhibit Name</u>	<u>Filed Herewith</u>	<u>Form</u>	<u>Date Filed With SEC</u>	<u>Incorporated By Reference From Exhibit</u>
3.01	Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Registrant dated January 6, 1983		10-K	03-30-06	3.01
(a)	Certificate of Amendment of the Certificate of Incorporation dated October 31, 1986		10-K	03-30-06	3.01(a)
(b)	Certificate of Amendment of the Certificate of Incorporation dated June 24, 1988		10-K	03-30-06	3.01(b)
(c)	Certificate of Amendment of the Certificate of Incorporation dated January 13, 1998		10-K	03-30-06	3.01(c)
(d)	Certificate of Amendment of the Certificate of Incorporation dated January 13, 1998		10-K	03-30-06	3.01(d)
(e)	Certificate of Amendment of the Certificate of Incorporation dated September 29, 2006		10-Q	11-13-06	3.01
3.02	By-Laws of Registrant		10-K	03-30-06	3.02
(a)	Amended and Restated By-Laws of Registrant, ratified and adopted June 13, 2006		8-K	06-19-06	3.01

Exhibit	Exhibit Name	Filed Herewith	Form	Date Filed With SEC	Incorporated By Reference From Exhibit
4.01	Specimen of Common Stock Certificate		10-K	03-30-06	4.01
4.02	Specimen of Convertible Preferred Stock Certificate		10-K	03-30-06	4.02
10.01	Employment Agreement dated as of January 1, 1998 between Registrant and Bernard Korn		10-KSB	03-31-98	10(a)
(a)	Amendment Number 1 dated April 1, 1999 to Employment Agreement dated as of January 1, 1998 between Registrant and Bernard Korn		10-K	04-11-01	10(a)(i)
(b)	Amendment Number 2 dated April 1, 2000 to Employment Agreement dated as of January 1, 1998 between Registrant and Bernard Korn		10-K	04-11-01	10(a)(ii)
(c)	Amendment Number 3 dated October 29, 2002 to Employment Agreement dated as of January 1, 1998 between Registrant and Bernard Korn		10-K	11-18-03	10(a)(iii)
(d)	Amendment Number 4 dated October 29, 2002 to Employment Agreement dated as of January 1, 1998 between Registrant and Bernard Korn		10-K	11-18-03	10(a)(iv)
(e)	Amendment Number 5 dated May 17, 2004 to Employment Agreement dated as of January 1, 1998 between Registrant and Bernard Korn		10-K	03-30-06	10.01(e)
(f)	Employment Agreement dated April 17, 2006 between Registrant and Bernard Korn		8-K	04-21-06	10.01
10.02	Employment Agreement dated as of June 25, 1999 between Universal Supply Group, Inc. and William Pagano		8-K	07-09-99	10(a)(iii)
(a)	Amendment Number 1 dated October 29, 2002 to Employment Agreement dated as of June 25, 1999 between Universal Supply Group, Inc. and William Pagano		8-K	11-02-05	10.02
(b)	Amendment Number 2 dated as of June 15, 2005 to Employment Agreement dated as of June 25, 1999 between Universal Supply Group, Inc. and William Pagano		8-K	06-20-05	99.1
(c)	Amendment Number 3 dated as of March 12, 2007 to Employment Agreement dated as of June 25, 1999 between Universal Supply Group, Inc. and William Pagano		8-K	03-12-07	10.04
10.03	Employment Agreement dated June 25, 1999 between Universal Supply Group, Inc. and William Salek		10-K	03-30-06	10.03
(a)	Amended and Restated Employment Agreement dated as of January 20, 2005 to Employment Agreement dated as of June 25, 1999 between Universal Supply Group, Inc. and William Salek		8-K	01-20-05	10.01
10.04	1996 Stock Option Plan		S-8	10-02-97	28B
10.05	2006 Stock Plan		10-Q	11-13-06	10.01
(a)	Form of stock option grant letter		8-K	12-06-06	10.01

Exhibit	Exhibit Name	Filed Herewith	Form	Date Filed With SEC	Incorporated By Reference From Exhibit
10.06	Purchase Agreement dated March 25, 1999 for business and assets subject to certain liabilities of Universal Supply Group, Inc.		10-KSB	03-30-99	10(g)
(a)	Amendment Number 1 dated June 25, 1999 to Purchase Agreement dated March 25, 1999		8-K	07-09-99	10(a)(ii)
(b)	Loan and Security Agreement dated June 24, 1999 between LaSalle Bank National Association and Universal Supply Group, Inc.		8-K	07-09-99	10(a)(iv)
(c)	Demand Note dated June 24, 1999 between LaSalle Bank National Association and Colonial Commercial Sub Corp.		8-K	07-09-99	10(a)(v)
(d)	Guaranty of All Liabilities and Security Agreement of Colonial Commercial Sub Corp. by Colonial Commercial Corp. to LaSalle Bank National Association dated June 24, 1999		8-K	07-09-99	10(a)(vi)
(e)	Waiver and Tenth Amendment dated November 21, 2002 to the Loan and Security Agreement dated June 24, 1999 between LaSalle Bank National Association and Universal Supply Group, Inc.		10-K	11-18-03	10(e)(vi)
(f)	Securities Pledge Agreement dated November 21, 2002 made by the Registrant in favor of LaSalle Bank National Association, re: Universal Supply Group, Inc.		10-K	11-18-03	(10)(e)(vii)
10.07	Certain documents related to refinance with Wells Fargo Business Credit, Inc. of asset based loan and term loan dated July 28, 2004, previously with LaSalle Bank National Association:				
(a)	Credit Security Agreement dated July 28, 2004 between American/Universal Supply, Inc., The RAL Supply Group, Inc. and Universal Supply Group, Inc. to Wells Fargo Business Credit, Inc.		10-Q	08-16-04	10.1
(b)	First Amendment to the Credit Security Agreement dated May 11, 2006		8-K	06-27-06	10.02
10.08	Certain documents related to Well-Bilt Steel Products, Inc.:				
(a)	Reaffirmation Agreement, General Release Consent and Acknowledgement of Commercial Reasonableness of Private Sale dated February 1, 2001 between Atlantic Hardware & Supply Corporation, Universal Supply Group, Inc., Colonial Commercial Corp., and the Secured Lender		8-K	02-16-01	10(a)(i)
(b)	Reaffirmation Agreement, General Release Consent and Acknowledgement of Commercial Reasonableness of Private Sale dated February 1, 2001 between Well-Bilt Steel Products, Inc. and the Secured Lender		8-K	02-16-01	10(a)(ii)
(c)	Foreclosure Agreement dated February 1, 2001 between Independent Steel Products, LLC, the Secured Lender, Atlantic Hardware & Supply Corporation, Universal Supply group, Inc. and Well-Bilt Steel Products, Inc.		8-K	02-16-01	10(a)(iii)
(d)	Bill of Sale and Assignment dated February 1, 2001 made by the Secured Lender in favor of Independent Steel Products, LLC		8-K	02-16-01	10(a)(iv)

Exhibit	Exhibit Name	Filed Herewith	Form	Date Filed With SEC	Incorporated By Reference From Exhibit
10.09	Inventory Control Agreement re: Universal Supply Group, Inc. taking in inventory on a consignment basis dated August 9, 2001 between Douglas-Guardian Services Corporation, Universal Supply Group, Inc. and GMC Sales corp.		10-K	11-18-03	10(g)
10.10	Agreement of Purchase of Sale of Assets dated July 1, 2002 between Goldman Associates of New York, Inc. and Universal Supply Group, Inc.		10-K	11-18-03	10(h)
10.11	Private Placement Purchase Agreement dated June 30, 2003 by and among Colonial Commercial Corp. and the persons who are counterparts to the Agreement as "Investors"		10-K	03-30-06	10.10
10.12	Private Placement Purchase Agreement dated February 12, 2004 by and among Colonial Commercial Corp. and the persons who are counterparts to the Agreement as "Investors"		10-K	03-30-06	10.11
10.13	Private Placement Purchase Agreement dated July 29, 2004 by and among Colonial Commercial Corp, and the persons who are counterparts to the Agreement as "Investors" including:				
(a)	Private Placement Purchase Agreement		10-Q	08-16-04	4.1
(b)	Convertible Note Payable		10-Q	08-16-04	4.2
10.14	Private Placement Purchase Agreement dated July 29, 2004 by and among Michael Goldman and Goldman Associates of New York, Inc. including:		10-Q	08-16-04	4.3
(a)	Private Placement Agreement		10-Q	08-16-04	4.4
(b)	Secured Note		10-Q	08-16-04	4.5
(c)	Warrant		10-Q	08-16-04	4.6
10.15	Asset Purchase Agreement dated September 5, 2003 for the purchase of certain assets, subject to certain liabilities of The RAL Supply Group, Inc., by RAL Purchasing Corp., a wholly-owned subsidiary of Colonial Commercial Corp.		8-K	10-15-03	10(a)(i)
10.16	RAL Closing Statement dated September 30, 2003		8-K	10-15-03	10(a)(ii)
10.17	Lease Agreement by and between Zanzi Realty, Inc. and The RAL Supply Group, Inc., dated September 1, 1998		8-K	11-02-05	10.04
(a)	First Modification of Lease Agreement dated September 30, 2003 to Lease Agreement by and between Zanzi Realty, Inc. and The RAL Supply Group, Inc., dated September 1, 1998		8-K	11-02-05	10.05

Exhibit	Exhibit Name	Filed Herewith	Form	Date Filed With SEC	Incorporated By Reference From Exhibit
(b)	Second Modification of Lease Agreement dated April 12, 2005 to Lease Agreement by and between Zanzi Realty, Inc. and The RAL Supply Group, Inc., dated September 1, 1998		8-K	11-02-05	10.06
(c)	Third Modification of Lease Agreement dated February 21, 2007 to Lease Agreement by and between Zanzi Realty, Inc. and The RAL Supply Group, Inc., dated September 1, 1998		8-K	02-23-07	10.04
(d)	Option Agreement by and between Pioneer Realty Holdings, LLC and Colonial Commercial Corp., dated as of February 21, 2007.		8-K	02-23-07	10.05
10.18	Offer to Purchase Odd Lot Shares and Letter of Transmittal dated August 16, 2005		8-K	08-18-05	10.01
11.01	Statement re computation of per share earnings (loss)—Not filed since computations are readily apparent from the Consolidated Financial Statements				
14.01	Code of Ethics		10-K	04-15-05	14
21.01	Subsidiaries of Registrant	Yes			
23.01	Consent of Registered Independent Public Accounting Firm—Weiser, LLP	Yes			
31.01	Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002	Yes			
31.02	Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002	Yes			
32.01	Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002	Yes			
32.02	Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002	Yes			
99.01	Affidavit dated January 28, 2002 in support of Atlantic Hardware & Supply Corporation's Petition for Relief under Chapter 11 of the U.S. Bankruptcy Code		10-K	11-18-03	99.1
99.02	Dismissal of Atlantic Hardware & Supply Corporation's Petition for Relief by the U.S. Bankruptcy Court for the Eastern District of New York dated May 18, 2005		10-K	03-30-06	99.02

COLONIAL COMMERCIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Index to Consolidated Financial Statements

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All other schedules are omitted because they are not required or the information required is given in the consolidated financial statements or notes thereto.

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders of Colonial Commercial Corp. and Subsidiaries:

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Colonial Commercial Corp. and Subsidiaries (the "Company") as of December 31, 2006 and 2005 and the related consolidated statements of operations, stockholders' equity and cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2006, 2005 and 2004. These financial statements and financial statement schedule are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements and financial statement schedule based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of Colonial Commercial Corp. and Subsidiaries as of December 31, 2006 and 2005 and the consolidated results of their operations and their cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2006, 2005 and 2004, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

As discussed in Note 1(j) to the consolidated financial statements, in 2006, the Company changed its method of accounting for stock-based compensation. Also, as discussed in Note 1(p) the accompanying consolidated financial statements have been restated.

We have also audited the financial statement Schedule II (Valuation and Qualifying Accounts) for the years ended December 31, 2006, 2005 and 2004. In our opinion, this schedule presents fairly, in all material respects, the information required to be set forth therein.

/s/Weiser LLP

New York, NY

March 22, 2007, (August 13, 2007, as to the effects of the restatements discussed in Note 1(p) to the consolidated financial statements)

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

COLONIAL COMMERCIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Consolidated Balance Sheets

	December 31, 2006	December 31, 2005 (Restated)
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash	\$ 482,251	\$ 613,456
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$212,043 in 2006 and \$185,971 in 2005	9,069,301	8,489,717
Inventory	12,854,317	11,894,740
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	1,057,099	1,066,658
Deferred tax asset - current portion	420,000	637,500
Total current assets	<u>23,882,968</u>	<u>22,702,071</u>
Property and equipment	1,512,666	1,669,484
Goodwill	1,628,133	1,628,133
Other intangibles	3,500	11,334
Other assets - noncurrent	202,177	135,832
Deferred tax asset - noncurrent	1,288,500	1,071,000
	<u>\$ 28,517,944</u>	<u>\$ 27,217,854</u>
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity		
Current liabilities:		
Trade payables	\$ 4,719,160	\$ 5,991,946
Accrued liabilities	1,975,175	2,047,159
Income taxes payable	1,630	12,772
Borrowings under credit facility - revolving credit	13,615,696	11,183,008
Borrowings under credit facility - term loan/overadvance	-	562,977
Notes payable - current portion; includes related party notes of \$30,000 in 2006 and \$60,389 in 2005	136,539	165,112
Total current liabilities	<u>20,448,200</u>	<u>19,962,974</u>
Notes payable, excluding current portion; includes related party notes of \$1,008,125 in 2006 and \$1,000,625 in 2005	1,317,394	1,400,834
Total liabilities	<u>21,765,594</u>	<u>21,363,808</u>
Commitments and contingencies		
Stockholders' equity:		
Redeemable convertible preferred stock, \$.05 par value, 2,500,000 shares authorized, 467,500 in 2006 and 484,721 in 2005 shares issued and outstanding, liquidation preference of \$2,337,500 in 2006 and \$2,423,605 in 2005	23,375	24,236
Common stock, \$.05 par value, 20,000,000 shares authorized, 4,593,680 in 2006 and 4,544,459 in 2005 shares issued and outstanding	229,684	227,223
Additional paid-in capital	10,707,791	10,626,859
Accumulated deficit	(4,208,500)	(5,024,272)
Total stockholders' equity	<u>6,752,350</u>	<u>5,854,046</u>
	<u>\$ 28,517,944</u>	<u>\$ 27,217,854</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

COLONIAL COMMERCIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Consolidated Statements of Operations

	For the Years Ended December 31,		
	2006	2005	2004
	(Restated)	(Restated)	(Restated)
Sales	\$ 71,494,652	\$ 66,690,945	\$ 61,454,128
Cost of sales	<u>50,057,446</u>	<u>46,560,548</u>	<u>43,207,717</u>
Gross profit	21,437,206	20,130,397	18,246,411
Selling, general and administrative expenses, net	<u>19,420,124</u>	<u>17,782,752</u>	<u>16,666,335</u>
Operating income	2,017,082	2,347,645	1,580,076
Other income	277,866	272,597	320,359
Interest expense, net; includes related party interest of \$104,485 in 2006, \$93,154 in 2005 and \$45,007 in 2004	<u>(1,354,785)</u>	<u>(1,044,454)</u>	<u>(875,683)</u>
Income from operations before income tax benefit	940,163	1,575,788	1,024,752
Income tax expense (benefit)	<u>124,391</u>	<u>(487,064)</u>	<u>(498,668)</u>
Net income	<u>\$ 815,772</u>	<u>\$ 2,062,852</u>	<u>\$ 1,523,420</u>
Income per common share:			
Basic	<u>\$ 0.18</u>	<u>\$ 0.48</u>	<u>\$ 0.45</u>
Diluted	<u>\$ 0.16</u>	<u>\$ 0.40</u>	<u>\$ 0.34</u>
Weighted average shares outstanding:			
Basic	<u>4,579,129</u>	<u>4,295,697</u>	<u>3,403,152</u>
Diluted	<u>5,125,646</u>	<u>5,293,114</u>	<u>4,587,966</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

COLONIAL COMMERCIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity

For the Years Ended December 31, 2006, 2005, and 2004

	Number of shares		Redeemable Convertible Preferred Stock	Redeemable Convertible Preferred Stock	Common Stock	Additional Paid-In Capital	Accumulated Deficit	Total Stockholders' Equity
	Redeemable Convertible Preferred Stock	Common Stock						
Balance at December 31, 2003	1,466,792	2,403,318	\$ 73,340	\$ 120,166	\$ 9,259,013	\$ (8,481,538)	\$ 970,981	
Prior period adjustment (See Note 1(p))						(129,006)	(129,006)	
Balance at January 1, 2004, Restated	1,466,792	2,403,318	\$ 73,340	\$ 120,166	\$ 9,259,013	\$ (8,610,544)	\$ 841,975	
Net income, Restated						1,523,420	1,523,420	
Stock-based compensation					62,025		62,025	
Conversion of shares of preferred stock to common stock	(83,623)	83,623	(4,181)	4,181			-	
Retirement of preferred stock	(592,730)		(29,637)		(326,002)		(355,639)	
Issuance of common stock		1,620,000		81,000	1,554,000		1,635,000	
Options exercised		51,500		2,575	10,300		12,875	
Warrant value					187,500		187,500	
Balance at December 31, 2004, Restated	790,439	4,158,441	39,522	207,922	10,746,836	(7,087,124)	3,907,156	
Net income, Restated						2,062,852	2,062,852	
Stock-based compensation					(74,450)		(74,450)	
Conversion of shares of preferred stock to common stock	(298,018)	298,018	(14,901)	14,901			-	
Retirement of preferred stock	(7,700)		(385)		(15,015)		(15,400)	
Options exercised		88,000		4,400	17,600		22,000	
Tax effect of options exercised					(48,112)		(48,112)	
Balance at December 31, 2005, Restated	484,721	4,544,459	24,236	227,223	10,626,859	(5,024,272)	5,854,046	
Net income						815,772	815,772	
Conversion of shares of preferred stock to common stock	(17,221)	17,221	(861)	861			-	
Options exercised		32,000		1,600	6,400		8,000	
Options issued					53,412		53,412	
Tax effect of options exercised					21,120		21,120	
Balance at December 31, 2006, Restated	467,500	4,593,680	\$ 23,375	\$ 229,684	\$ 10,707,791	\$ (4,208,500)	\$ 6,752,350	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

COLONIAL COMMERCIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

	For The Years Ended December 31,		
	2006	2005	2004
		(Restated)	(Restated)
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Net income	\$ 815,772	\$ 2,062,852	\$ 1,523,420
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash (used in) provided by operating activities:			
Deferred tax benefit	-	(641,500)	(645,600)
Stock-based compensation	53,412	(74,450)	62,025
Provision for doubtful accounts	191,357	101,724	225,183
Depreciation	457,322	387,719	366,223
Amortization of intangibles	7,834	16,166	26,667
Accretion of debt discount	37,500	37,500	15,625
Tax effect of options exercised	21,120	(48,112)	-
Changes in operating assets and liabilities			
Accounts receivable	(701,615)	(816,853)	(1,745,871)
Inventory	(867,398)	(1,159,168)	(1,081,756)
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	(2,321)	(200,926)	(245,054)
Other assets - noncurrent	(66,345)	47,351	(183,183)
Trade payables	(1,272,786)	1,270,156	(574,089)
Accrued liabilities	(71,984)	303,153	230,428
Income taxes payable	(11,142)	(23,544)	(139,298)
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	<u>(1,409,274)</u>	<u>1,262,068</u>	<u>(2,165,280)</u>
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Additions to property and equipment	(300,504)	(401,054)	(507,241)
Acquisition of Speed Queen assets from Goldman Associates of NY, Inc.	(149,625)		
Net cash used in investing activities	<u>(450,129)</u>	<u>(401,054)</u>	<u>(507,241)</u>
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Issuance of common stock and exercise of stock options	8,000	22,000	1,647,875
Retirement of preferred stock	-	(15,400)	(355,639)
Repayments of notes payable: includes related party repayments of \$60,389 in 2006, \$48,091 in 2005 and \$30,000 in 2004.	(162,586)	(141,292)	(105,883)
Issuance of notes payable: includes related party notes of \$0.00 in 2006, \$48,480 in 2005 and \$1,075,000 in 2004.	13,073	155,699	1,173,392
Issuance of warrants	-	-	187,500
Repayments under credit facility - term loan/overadvance	(562,977)	(1,103,690)	(572,333)
Borrowings under credit facility - revolving credit	2,432,688	524,466	665,512
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	<u>1,728,198</u>	<u>(558,217)</u>	<u>2,640,424</u>
(Decrease) increase in cash	(131,205)	302,797	(32,097)
Cash - beginning of period	613,456	310,659	342,756
Cash - end of period	<u>\$ 482,251</u>	<u>\$ 613,456</u>	<u>\$ 310,659</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

COLONIAL COMMERCIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements December 31, 2006, 2005 and 2004

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Practices

(a) Description of Business

Colonial Commercial Corp. ("Colonial"), through its operating Subsidiaries, Universal Supply Group, Inc. ("Universal"), RAL Supply Group, Inc. ("RAL") and American/Universal Supply Inc. ("American") (together, the "Company"), is a distributor of heating, ventilation and air conditioning (HVAC), climate control products, plumbing fixtures and supplies and appliances to building contractors and other users, which the Company considers its only industry segment. The Company's products are marketed primarily to HVAC contractors, which, in turn, sell such products to residential and commercial/industrial customers. The Company's customers are located in the United States, primarily New Jersey, New York and portions of eastern Pennsylvania. The Company has no long term agreement with any customer. The Company deals with its customers on a purchase order by purchase order basis. The Company has no assured stability in its customer base. The Company has no material long term agreements with any supplier. Certain supplier agreements limit the sale of competitive products in designated markets that the Company serves.

(b) Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Colonial and its wholly-owned Subsidiaries. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

(c) Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recognized when the earnings process is complete, generally upon shipment of products in accordance with shipping terms. There are no further obligations on the part of the Company subsequent to revenue recognition, except for returns of defective products from the Company's customers, which are covered under the manufacturer's warranty. The Company will receive a vendor credit from the manufacturer related to the warranted product in question, at which time credits are issued to the customer. The Company does not provide a warranty on products sold other than the warranty provided by the manufacturer.

(d) Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid investment instruments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. There were no cash equivalents at December 31, 2006 and 2005.

(e) Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable consist of trade receivables recorded at original invoice amount, less an estimated allowance for uncollectible accounts. Trade credit is generally extended on a short-term basis; thus trade receivables generally do not bear interest. However, a service charge may be applied to receivables that are past due. These charges, when collected, are included as other income. Trade receivables are periodically evaluated for collectibility based on past credit history with customers and their current financial condition. Changes in the estimated collectibility of trade receivables are recorded in the results of operations for the period in which the estimate is revised. Trade receivables that are deemed uncollectible are offset against the allowance for uncollectible accounts. The Company generally does not require collateral for trade receivables.

COLONIAL COMMERCIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, Continued

(f) Inventory

Inventory is stated at the lower of cost or market and consists solely of finished goods. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out method.

Distribution costs of incoming freight, purchasing, receiving, inspection, warehousing and handling costs are included in selling, general and administrative expenses. Such costs were \$431,780, \$421,248 and \$325,109 for the years ended December 31, 2006, 2005 and 2004, respectively.

(g) Vendor Rebates

The Company has arrangements with several vendors that provide rebates payable when the Company achieves any of a number of measures, generally related to volume level of purchases. The Company accounts for such rebates as a reduction of inventory until sale of the product, at which time such rebates are reflected as a reduction of cost of sales in the consolidated statements of income. Throughout the year, the Company estimates the amount of rebate based on estimates of purchases to date relative to the purchase levels that mark the progress toward earning the rebate. The Company continually revises these estimates of earned vendor rebates based on actual purchase levels.

(h) Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost. Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

<u>Computer hardware and software</u>	<u>3-5 years</u>
<u>Furniture and fixtures</u>	<u>5 years</u>
<u>Automobiles</u>	<u>3-5 years</u>
<u>Showroom fixtures and displays</u>	<u>3 years</u>

Leasehold improvements are amortized over the shorter of the lease term or the estimated useful life of the asset.

(i) Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets

Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets," requires that goodwill be tested for impairment at least annually. Intangible assets determined to have finite lives are amortized over their remaining useful lives. The Company has determined Universal and RAL are reporting units.

COLONIAL COMMERCIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, Continued

(j) Stock Options

Prior to January 1, 2006, the Company used the intrinsic-value method of accounting for stock-based awards granted to employees. In accordance with SFAS No. 148, "Accounting for Stock Based Compensation – Transition and Disclosure," the following table presents the effect on net income and net income per share, had compensation cost for the Company's stock plans been determined consistent with SFAS No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation".

On January 1, 2006, the Company adopted the modified prospective application method of SFAS No. 123(R), "Share-Based Payment", which establishes standards for transactions in which an entity exchanges its equity instruments for goods or services. This standard requires an entity to measure the cost of employee services received in exchange for an award of equity instruments based on the grant date fair value of the award. This eliminates the exception to account for such awards using the intrinsic method previously allowable under APB Opinion No. 25. SFAS No. 123 (R) will be effective for the first period after December 31, 2005.

The following table illustrates the effect on net income if the fair-value-based method had been applied to all outstanding and unvested awards in each period.

	<u>2005</u> <u>Restated</u>	<u>2005</u> <u>As</u> <u>Previously</u> <u>Reported</u>	<u>2004</u> <u>Restated</u>	<u>2004</u> <u>As</u> <u>Previously</u> <u>Reported</u>
Net income, as reported	\$ 2,062,852	\$ 2,115,631	\$ 1,523,420	\$ 1,661,156
Add: Stock-based compensation related to option repricing	<u>(74,450)</u>	<u>(74,450)</u>	<u>62,025</u>	<u>62,025</u>
Pro forma	<u>\$ 1,988,402</u>	<u>\$ 2,041,181</u>	<u>\$ 1,585,445</u>	<u>\$ 1,723,181</u>
Basic net income per common share				
As reported	<u>\$ 0.48</u>	<u>\$ 0.49</u>	<u>\$ 0.45</u>	<u>\$ 0.49</u>
Pro forma	<u>\$ 0.46</u>	<u>\$ 0.48</u>	<u>\$ 0.47</u>	<u>\$ 0.51</u>
Diluted net income per common share				
As reported	<u>\$ 0.40</u>	<u>\$ 0.40</u>	<u>\$ 0.34</u>	<u>\$ 0.36</u>
Pro forma	<u>\$ 0.38</u>	<u>\$ 0.39</u>	<u>\$ 0.35</u>	<u>\$ 0.38</u>

(k) Net Income Per Common Share

Basic income per share excludes any dilution. It is based upon the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Dilutive earnings per share reflect the potential dilution that would occur if securities or other contracts to issue common stock were exercised or converted into common stock.

COLONIAL COMMERCIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, Continued

(l) Income Taxes

Income taxes are accounted for under the asset and liability method. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases, and operating loss and tax credit carryforwards. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in income in the period that includes the enactment date.

The Company records a valuation allowance against any portion of the deferred income tax asset when it believes, based on the weight of available evidence, it is more likely than not that some portion of the deferred tax asset will not be realized.

(m) Impairment of Long-Lived Assets and Long-Lived Assets to Be Disposed Of

Long-lived assets, such as intangible assets, furniture, equipment and leasehold improvements, are evaluated for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the assets may not be recoverable through estimated undiscounted future cash flows from the use of these assets. When any such impairment exists, the related assets will be written down to fair value.

(n) Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(o) Recent Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2006, the FASB issued FASB Interpretation No. 48, *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes*-an interpretation FASB No. 109 ("FIN 48"), which prescribes accounting for and disclosure of uncertainty in tax positions. This interpretation defines the criteria that must be met for the benefits of a tax position to be recognized in the financial statements and the measurement of tax benefits recognized. The provisions of FIN 48 are effective as of the beginning of the Company's 2007 fiscal year, with the cumulative effect of the change in accounting principle recorded as an adjustment to opening retained earnings. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of adopting FIN 48 on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In September 2006, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 157, *Fair Value Measurements*, ("SFAS 157"). This Standard defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in generally accepted accounting principles and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. SFAS 157 is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007 and interim periods within those fiscal years. The adoption of SFAS 157 is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

COLONIAL COMMERCIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, Continued

(p) Restatement

This Form 10-K/A (Amendment Number 2) is being filed to revise certain sections of the Form 10-K/A for the year ended December 31, 2006, which the Company previously filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission May 21, 2007. The Company filed this restatement on Form 10-K/A using the cumulative effect transition method pursuant to the guidance contained in SAB 108.

Subsequent communications with the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) found that the Company had improperly applied the guidance in SAB 108, specifically, the effect on materiality of the incorrect treatment of vendor rebates on net income for 2004. The Company has restated its consolidated statements of operations, stockholders’ equity and cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2004 and 2005, consolidated balance sheet for the year ended December 31, 2005 and stockholder’s equity for the year ended December 31, 2006. The purpose of this restatement was to correct improper accounting for vendor rebates. Previously, some vendor rebates were recognized as a reduction of cost of sales when earned, not as a reduction of costs when sold. When adjusting vendor rebates to be recognized as a reduction of cost of sales, a decrease of gross profit of \$137,736 was recognized for the year ended December 31, 2004 and a decrease of gross profit of \$52,779 was recognized for the year ended December 31, 2005. Retained earnings at the beginning of 2004 has been adjusted by \$129,006 to correct an error made in 2003 for the treatment of vendor rebates. The Company’s consolidated statement of stockholders’ equity for the year ended December 31, 2006 has been restated to remove the cumulative effect of the adoption of SAB 108. The Company had a net operating loss carryforward for federal tax purposes greater than any amount of federal taxes which would have been due for each of the years ended December 31, 2004 and 2005, therefore, the Company determined that the tax effect of these adjustments was immaterial and, accordingly, the Company has made no adjustment.

Additionally, the Audit Committee and management of the Company concluded that per SFAS 128 convertible note interest, net of taxes, should be added back to net income when calculating diluted earnings per share to determine if the effect would be antidilutive. Previously, the Company did not add back interest, net of taxes, on convertible notes when making this calculation. The Company has corrected this procedure. The only changes resulting from this correction are to the number of diluted weighted average shares outstanding and the diluted earnings per share. This correction resulted in an increase of \$0.01 to diluted earnings per share for the year ended December 31, 2006, no change to diluted earnings per share for the year ended December 31, 2005 and a reduction of \$0.02 to diluted earnings per share for the year ended December 31, 2004.

No changes have been made to the Company’s consolidated balance sheet and cash flows for the year ended December 31, 2006 as previously reported in the Form 10-K/A on May 21, 2007.

COLONIAL COMMERCIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, Continued

The following tables isolate each of the restated amounts in the Company's consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2005, consolidated statement of operations for the years ended December 31, 2004, 2005 and 2006, consolidated statement of cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2004 and 2005 and stockholder's equity for the years ended December 31, 2004, 2005 and 2006.

Consolidated Balance Sheet

	December 31,	
	Restated 2005	As Previously Reported 2005
Inventory	\$ 11,894,740	\$ 12,214,261
Current assets	22,702,071	23,021,592
Long term assets	4,515,783	4,515,783
Total assets	<u>\$ 27,217,854</u>	<u>\$ 27,537,375</u>
Current liabilities	\$ 19,962,974	\$ 19,962,974
Long term liabilities	1,400,834	1,400,834
Total liabilities	21,363,808	21,363,808
Stockholders' equity	5,854,046	6,173,567
Total liabilities and stockholders equity	<u>\$ 27,217,854</u>	<u>\$ 27,537,375</u>

COLONIAL COMMERCIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, Continued

Consolidated Statement of Operations

	Years Ended December 31,					
	As		As		As	
	Restated	Previously Reported	Restated	Previously Reported	Restated	Previously Reported
	2006	2006	2005	2005	2004	2004
Sales	\$ 71,494,652	\$ 71,494,652	\$ 66,690,945	\$ 66,690,945	\$ 61,454,128	\$ 61,454,128
Cost of Sales	50,057,446	50,057,446	46,560,548	46,507,769	43,207,717	43,069,981
Gross Profit	21,437,206	21,437,206	20,130,397	20,183,176	18,246,411	18,384,147
Sales, general and administrative expenses, net	19,420,124	19,420,124	17,782,752	17,782,752	16,666,335	16,666,335
Operating income	2,017,082	2,017,082	2,347,645	2,400,424	1,580,076	1,717,812
Other income	277,866	277,866	272,597	272,597	320,359	320,359
Interest expense, net	(1,354,785)	(1,354,785)	(1,044,454)	(1,044,454)	(875,683)	(875,683)
Income from operations before income tax benefit	940,163	940,163	1,575,788	1,628,567	1,024,752	1,162,488
Income tax expense (benefit)	124,391	124,391	(487,064)	(487,064)	(498,668)	(498,668)
Net income	\$ 815,772	\$ 815,772	\$ 2,062,852	\$ 2,115,631	\$ 1,523,420	\$ 1,661,156
Income per common share:						
Basic:	\$ 0.18	\$ 0.18	\$ 0.48	\$ 0.49	\$ 0.45	\$ 0.49
Diluted:	\$ 0.16	\$ 0.15	\$ 0.40	\$ 0.40	\$ 0.34	\$ 0.36
Weighted average shares outstanding:						
Basic:	4,579,129	4,579,129	4,295,697	4,295,697	3,403,152	3,403,152
Diluted:	5,125,646	5,300,646	5,293,114	5,293,114	4,587,966	4,587,966

COLONIAL COMMERCIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, Continued

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

	Years Ended December 31,			
	As Previously Reported		As Previously Reported	
	Restated 2005	2005	Restated 2004	2004
Net income	\$ 2,062,852	\$ 2,115,631	\$ 1,523,420	\$ 1,661,156
Inventory	(1,159,168)	(1,211,947)	(1,081,756)	(1,219,492)
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	1,262,068	1,262,068	(2,165,280)	(2,165,280)
Net cash used in investing activities	(401,054)	(401,054)	(507,241)	(507,241)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(558,217)	(558,217)	2,640,424	2,640,424
(Decrease) increase in cash	302,797	302,797	(32,097)	(32,097)
Cash – beginning of period	310,659	310,659	342,756	342,756
Cash – end of period	<u>\$ 613,456</u>	<u>\$ 613,456</u>	<u>\$ 310,659</u>	<u>\$ 310,659</u>

Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity
For the Years Ended December 31, 2006, 2005, and 2004

	As Previously Reported			Restated	
	Accumulated Deficit	Total Stockholders' Equity		Accumulated Deficit	Total Stockholders' Equity
Balance at December 31, 2003	\$ (8,481,538)	\$ 970,981	Balance at December 31, 2003	\$ (8,481,538)	\$ 970,981
			Prior period adjustment	(129,006)	(129,006)
			Balance at January 1, 2004	\$ (8,610,544)	\$ 841,975
Net income	1,661,156	1,661,156	Net income	1,523,420	1,523,420
Balance at December 31, 2004	(6,820,382)	4,173,898	Balance at December 31, 2004	(7,087,124)	3,907,156
Net income	2,115,631	2,115,631	Net income	2,062,852	2,062,852
Balance at December 31, 2005	(4,704,751)	6,173,567	Balance at December 31, 2005	(5,024,272)	5,854,046
Cumulative effect of adoption of SAB 108	(319,521)	(319,521)			
Net income	815,772	815,772	Net income	815,772	815,772
Balance at December 31, 2006, Restated	<u>\$ (4,208,500)</u>	<u>\$ 6,752,350</u>	Balance at December 31, 2006	<u>\$ (4,208,500)</u>	<u>\$ 6,752,350</u>

COLONIAL COMMERCIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, Continued

2. Business Acquisitions and Discontinued Operations

On January 28, 2002, Atlantic, a wholly-owned Subsidiary of the Company, filed a voluntary petition with the U. S. Bankruptcy Court for the Eastern District of New York to reorganize under Chapter 11 of the U. S. Bankruptcy Code. On May 18, 2005, the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Eastern District of New York dismissed the petition. Atlantic is a discontinued operation and has no assets. Neither Colonial Commercial Corp. nor any of its other subsidiaries were part of the Chapter 11 filing.

The Company's investment in Atlantic's common stock was recognized at a cost value of \$219,007 of guaranteed liabilities as of December 31, 2002. Colonial recognized the \$219,007 of guaranteed liabilities of Atlantic until June 2004, at which time the Company settled the claim for \$161,000 and recognized a gain of \$58,007.

3. Property and Equipment

Property and equipment consists of the following at December 31:

	2006	2005
Computer hardware and software	\$ 1,040,441	\$ 884,011
Furniture and fixtures	91,558	85,180
Leasehold improvements	1,410,425	1,361,620
Showroom fixtures and displays	79,606	0
Automobiles	550,829	560,484
	3,172,859	2,891,295
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	1,660,193	1,221,811
	<u>\$ 1,512,666</u>	<u>\$ 1,669,484</u>

4. Other Intangible Assets

	December 31, 2006			December 31, 2005			Estimated Useful Life (Years)
	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Net Carrying Amount	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Net Carrying Amount	
Covenants Not to Compete	\$ 241,667	\$ (238,167)	\$ 3,500	\$ 241,667	\$ (230,333)	\$ 11,334	5

The Company has certain identifiable intangible assets that are subject to amortization. Intangible assets are included in "Other intangibles" in the consolidated balance sheets. The components of intangible assets are as follows:

Amortization expense amounted to \$7,834, \$16,166 and \$26,667 for the years ended December 31, 2006, 2005 and 2004, respectively.

Estimated Amortization Expense:

For the Years Ended December 31,	
2007	\$ 2,000
2008	1,500
	<u>\$ 3,500</u>

COLONIAL COMMERCIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, Continued

5. Financing Arrangements

The Company has a total secured loan facility of \$15,000,000 pursuant to a credit and security agreement (“Agreement”) with Wells Fargo Business Credit, Inc. (“Wells”) consisting of a revolving line of credit including a \$2,000,000 two-year term loan. Final payment of the term loan was made in July of 2006. The revolving credit line bears interest at .25% below prime, and the term loan bore interest at .50% above prime. On May 11, 2006 the Company received a \$500,000 overadvance, payable in equal installments of \$12,500 each business day commencing July 11, 2006. The overadvance was paid in full on September 5, 2006. Effective June 23, 2006, the Agreement was amended to extend the maturity date from August 1, 2009 to August 1, 2010. The facility consists of a \$15,000,000 revolving line of credit which expires on August 1, 2010. The Company has standby letters of credit which expire on July 31, 2007 and September 1, 2007, that reduce the credit facility by \$300,000 and \$100,000, respectively, and additional reserves determined by the bank that reduce the credit facility by \$100,000. Availability under the revolving credit line is determined by a percentage of available assets as defined in the Agreement, less letters of credit and reserves, and was \$142,216 as of December 31, 2006. The balance outstanding under the revolving line of credit was \$13,615,696 as of December 31, 2006. The interest rate on the revolving credit facility, as of December 31, 2006 was 8.0%.

Substantially all of the assets of the Company, as well as a pledge of the stock of Colonial Commercial Corp.’s operating subsidiaries, collateralize the loans. The facility contains covenants relating to the financial condition of the Company, its business operations, and restricts the payment of dividends, subordinated debt, purchase of securities, and capital expenditures. The Company must maintain a tangible net worth of approximately \$3.8 million for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2006. In addition, the Company is required to maintain certain levels of net income and cash flows, as defined in the agreement. All loans are due on demand by the bank, and accordingly, have been classified as current liabilities. In the event that Mr. Pagano no longer performs the duties of the President of Universal or the Vice President of RAL or American for any reason other than death or disability, the Company will be considered in default of its credit agreement with Wells Fargo Business Credit, Inc. unless a waiver is obtained.

COLONIAL COMMERCIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, Continued

6. Notes Payable

Notes payable consist of the following at December 31:

	2006	2005
Various term notes payable, (collateralized by the equipment purchased) with aggregate monthly principal and interest installments of \$6,378 and \$8,760 for 2006 and 2005, respectively, bearing interest between .9% to 5.9%*	\$ 155,808	\$ 245,321
Subordinated term note payable to a private individual, \$30,000 annual principal payment, interest at 9% payable monthly.**	60,000	90,000
Subordinated term note payable to an investment company, \$30,000 annual principal payments, interest at 9% payable monthly.	60,000	90,000
Term notes payable to private investors, subordinated unsecured convertible notes payable, bearing interest at 11% per annum, interest payable quarterly, with 50% of the principal payable on June 1, 2008 and the balance on June 1, 2009. The notes are convertible into 175,000 shares of common stock at \$3.00 per share during the term of the notes.***	525,000	525,000
Term note payable of \$750,000 to a corporation, subordinated secured note payable, bearing interest at the prime rate and payable quarterly, principal payable on June 30, 2008 and warrants to purchase 150,000 shares of common stock at \$3.00 per share expiring June 30, 2008. The warrant was initially recorded at a fair value of \$187,500 and recorded as a discount from the face value of the note and an increase to additional paid in capital. The discount is being accreted over the term of the note as additional interest expense. The Company recorded \$37,500 and \$37,500 in interest expense during 2006 and 2005, respectively, related to the warrant.****	653,125	615,625
	1,453,933	1,565,946
Less current installments	136,539	165,112
	<u>\$ 1,317,394</u>	<u>\$ 1,400,834</u>

*Included in 2005 in the above term note payable is \$30,389 bearing interest at 9% to a company owned by Paul Hildebrandt, who is a related party.

**The term note payable bearing interest at 9% is to Paul Hildebrandt, who is a related party.

***Included in the above term note payable bearing interest at 11%, are five notes considered to be related party transactions; \$100,000 term note payable to William Pagano, President of Universal and Director of the Company, \$50,000 term note payable to William Salek, Chief Financial Officer and Secretary of the Company, \$100,000 term note payable to Rita Folger, beneficial owner of greater than 5% of the Company, \$25,000 term note payable to Eileen Goldman, the wife of Michael Goldman and \$50,000 term note payable to Paul Hildebrandt.

COLONIAL COMMERCIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, Continued

****The term note payable bearing interest at prime rate is to Goldman Associates of NY, Inc., in which Michael Goldman is President, is also considered a related party. Pursuant to the Private Placement Agreement, Goldman Associates agreed that it and its affiliates will not until May 31, 2008 without the prior written consent of the Board of Directors of the Company (i) acquire, agree to acquire or make any proposal to acquire any voting securities or assets of the Company or any of its affiliates, (ii) propose to enter into any merger, consolidation, recapitalization, business combination, or other similar transaction involving the Company or any of its affiliates, (iii) make, or in any way participate in any "solicitation" of "proxies" (as such terms are used in the proxy rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission) to vote or seek to advise or influence any person with respect to the voting of any voting securities of the Company or any of its affiliates or (iv) form, join or in any way participate in a "group" as defined in Section 13(d)(3) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, in connection with any of the foregoing or (v) advise, assist or encourage any other persons in connection with the foregoing.

Maturities of notes payable are as follows:

2007	\$	136,539
2008		1,033,384
2009		277,991
2010		6,019
	\$	<u>1,453,933</u>

7. Capital Stock

Each share of the Company's convertible preferred stock is convertible into one share of the Company's common stock. Convertible preferred stockholders will be entitled to a dividend, based upon a formula, when and if any dividends are declared on the Company's common stock. The convertible preferred stock is redeemable, at the option of the Company, at \$7.50 per share. The shares contain a liquidation preference provision entitling the holder to receive payments equaling \$5.00 per share.

The voting rights of the common stockholders and preferred stockholders are based upon the number of shares of convertible preferred stock outstanding. There are currently less than 600,000 shares of convertible preferred stock outstanding. The Company's Restated Certificate of Incorporation provides that the Board of Directors is to consist of one class of Directors if there are less than 600,000 shares Convertible Preferred Stock outstanding. As of December 31, 2006, the number of preferred shares outstanding was 467,500; accordingly, the Board of Directors to be elected at the 2007 annual shareholders' meeting will consist of one class of Directors elected by the holders of common stock and convertible preferred stock voting together as one class on a share for share basis.

At December 31, 2006, there were 906,500 shares of common stock reserved for conversion of preferred stock and for the exercise of vested stock options, convertible notes and warrants.

Messrs. Goldman, Korn, Pagano, Rozzi, and Mrs. Folger each signed a stock purchase and sale standstill agreement in which they agreed until May 31, 2008 not to purchase any stock without written consent from the Company and they will not sell any stock to anyone when such a sale would create a new 5% shareholder unless such person first enters into a similar standstill agreement.

COLONIAL COMMERCIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, Continued

8. Equity Transactions

During the year ended December 31, 2006, the Company issued 32,000 shares of common stock pursuant to the exercise of stock options. On April 3, 2006, Ronald H. Miller obtained 12,000 shares of common stock, by exercising 12,000 outstanding stock options. Mr. Miller is a Director of the Company. On April 17, 2006, Jack Rose obtained 12,000 shares of common stock, by exercising 12,000 outstanding stock options. Mr. Rose was a Director of the Company at the time of the transaction. On May 16, 2006, a non-executive employee of the Company obtained 4,000 shares of common stock by exercising 4,000 outstanding stock options. On May 31, 2006, a non-executive employee of the Company obtained 4,000 shares of common stock by exercising 4,000 outstanding stock options.

During the year ended December 31, 2006, holders of a total of 17,221 shares of redeemable convertible preferred stock converted these shares into 17,221 shares of Common Stock.

9. Stock Option Plans

In June 1996, the Company adopted the 1996 Stock Option Plan (the "1996 Plan") to grant options to key employees and other persons who render service (non-employee) to the Company. The ability to grant options under this plan expired on December 31, 2005.

At December 31, 2006, a total of 74,000 options were outstanding under the Company's 1996 Stock Option Plan, which have expiration dates ranging from 2009 to 2013.

On September 29, 2006, the Company adopted the Colonial Commercial Corp. 2006 Stock Plan, (the "2006 Plan"). The 2006 Plan enables the Company to grant equity and equity-linked awards to our Directors, officers, employees and other persons who provide services to the Company. The 2006 Plan is intended to allow us to provide incentives that will (1) strengthen the desire of highly competent persons to provide services to us and (2) further stimulate their efforts on our behalf.

The following is a summary of certain provisions of the 2006 Plan.

Shares Available. The maximum number of shares of common stock that may be delivered under the 2006 Plan is 1,000,000, subject to adjustment for certain specified changes to the Company's capital structure. As of December 31, 2006, 900,000 options were available to be issued.

Eligibility. All directors, officers and other employees and other persons who provide services to the Company are eligible to participate in the 2006 Plan.

Administration. The administrator of the 2006 Plan will be the board or any other committee which the board designates to serve as the administrator of the 2006 Plan.

Types of Awards. The types of awards that may be made under the 2006 Plan are stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock awards, and stock units. The board or the committee that administers the 2006 Plan will fix the terms of each award, including, to the extent relevant, the following: (1) exercise price for options, base price for stock appreciation rights, and purchase price, if any, for restricted stock awards, (2) vesting requirements and other conditions to exercise, (3) term and termination, (4) effect, if any, of a change of control and (5) method of exercise and of any required payment by the recipient.

COLONIAL COMMERCIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, Continued

Term of Plan. No award may be granted under the 2006 Plan after the close of business on the day immediately preceding the tenth anniversary of the adoption of the 2006 Plan. However, all awards made prior to such time will remain in effect in accordance with their terms.

On December 6, 2006, 100,000 10-year options were granted to independent directors at the closing market price of that day, or \$1.85, 40,000 options vested immediately and 20,000 options vest and become exercisable on each of the first three anniversaries of the grant date. If an independent director resigns, their unvested options are immediately forfeited and they have 60 days to exercise their vested options.

The Company uses the Black-Scholes valuation method to estimate the fair value of stock options at the grant date. The Black-Scholes valuation model uses the option exercise price and the number of options expected to be exercised as well as assumptions related to the expected price volatility of the Company's stock, the rate of return on risk-free investments, the period during which the options will be outstanding, and the expected dividend yield for the Company's stock to estimate the fair value of the stock option on the grant date. The fair value of the stock options, which are subject to grading vesting, is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting life of the stock options.

The fair value of each option granted on December 6, 2006 under the 2006 Stock Plan was estimated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model and the following assumptions:

	2006
Historical stock price volatility	160.50%
Risk-free interest rate	4.44%
Expected life (in years)	6.34
Dividend yield	0.00

The valuation assumptions were determined as follows:

Historical stock price volatility: The Company used the daily closing stock prices to calculate historical annualized volatility.

Risk-free interest rate: The Company bases the risk-free interest rate on the interest rate payable on U.S. Treasury securities in effect at the time of the grant for a period that is commensurate with the assumed expected option life.

Expected life: The expected life of the options represents the period of time options are expected to be outstanding. The Company uses historical data of previously issued options to estimate expected option life.

Dividend yield: The estimate for dividend yield is 0.00, because the Company has not historically paid, and does not intend for the foreseeable future to pay, a dividend.

COLONIAL COMMERCIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, Continued

Changes in options outstanding are as follows:

	Shares Subject to Option	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Aggregate Intrinsic Value
Balance at December 31, 2003	245,500	0.25	
Options Exercised	(51,500)	0.25	
Balance at December 31, 2004	194,000	0.25	
Options Exercised	(88,000)	0.25	
Balance at December 31, 2005	106,000	0.25	
Options Exercised	(32,000)	0.25	
Options Granted	100,000	1.85	
Balance at December 31, 2006	174,000	1.17	\$ 330,600
Exercisable at December 31, 2006	114,000	0.81	\$ 216,600

Prior to January 1, 2006, the Company used the intrinsic method previously allowed under APB Opinion No. 25 to value options. The number of options outstanding under the variable pricing method as of December 31, 2005 and 2004 were 43,000 and 110,000, respectively, which caused the Company to incur additional stock-based compensation income (expense) of \$74,450 and \$(62,025) for the years ended December 31, 2005 and 2004, respectively. As of January 1, 2006 all options outstanding were fully vested therefore the Company was not required to make a stock compensation expense entry under the rules of SFAS No. 123(R).

The Company did incur stock-based compensation expense of \$53,412 and unearned compensation of \$80,118 which is expected to be recognized over of period of three years as of December 31, 2006 under the modified prospective application method of SFAS No. 123(R) for options granted on December 6, 2006.

On January 22, 2007, a Director resigned and his 10,000 shares of Common Stock issuable upon exercise of his options expire sixty days after his resignation. In addition, his 15,000 options that vest over three years were forfeited on his date of resignation. On January 2, 2007 an employee exercised 52,000 options.

COLONIAL COMMERCIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, Continued

The following table summarizes information about stock options at December 31, 2006:

Options Outstanding and Exercisable					
Range of Exercise Prices	Shares	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life		Weighted Average Exercise Price	
\$.25	74,000	5.03		\$.25	
\$ 1.85	40,000	9.94		\$ 1.85	
Options Outstanding and Non-exercisable					
\$ 1.85	60,000	9.94		\$ 1.85	

10. Net Income Per Common Share

Basic net income per share is computed by dividing income available to common shareholders by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding. Diluted earnings per share reflect, in periods in which they have a dilutive effect, the impact of common shares issuable upon exercise of stock options.

A reconciliation between the numerators and denominators of the basic and diluted income per common share is as follows:

	Restated 2006	As Previously Reported 2006	Restated 2005	As Previously Reported 2005	Restated 2004	As Previously Reported 2004
Net income (numerator for basic income per share)	\$ 815,772	<u>\$ 815,772</u>	\$ 2,062,852	<u>\$ 2,115,631</u>	\$ 1,523,420	<u>\$ 1,661,156</u>
Interest expense on convertible notes (net of tax)	-		51,513		22,776	
Adjusted net income (numerator for diluted income per share)	<u>\$ 815,772</u>		<u>\$ 2,114,365</u>		<u>\$ 1,546,196</u>	
Weighted average common shares (denominator for basic income per share)	4,579,129	4,579,129	4,295,697	4,295,697	3,403,152	3,403,152
Effect of dilutive securities:						
Convertible preferred stock	472,451	472,451	683,695	683,695	918,778	918,778
Convertible notes	-	175,000	175,000	175,000	72,931	72,931
Employee stock options	74,066	74,066	138,722	138,722	193,105	193,105
Weighted average common and potential common shares outstanding (denominator for diluted income per share)	<u>5,125,646</u>	<u>5,300,646</u>	<u>5,293,114</u>	<u>5,293,114</u>	<u>4,587,966</u>	<u>4,587,966</u>
Basic net income per share	<u>\$ 0.18</u>	<u>\$ 0.18</u>	<u>\$ 0.48</u>	<u>\$ 0.49</u>	<u>\$ 0.45</u>	<u>\$ 0.49</u>
Diluted net income per share	<u>\$ 0.16</u>	<u>\$ 0.15</u>	<u>\$ 0.40</u>	<u>\$ 0.40</u>	<u>\$ 0.34</u>	<u>\$ 0.36</u>

COLONIAL COMMERCIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, Continued

11. Income Taxes

The provision for income taxes consists of the following:

	2006			2005			2004		
	Federal	State And Local	Total	Federal	State And Local	Total	Federal	State And Local	Total
Current	\$ 17,698	\$106,693	\$124,391	\$ (16,239)	\$170,675	\$ 154,436	\$ 9,000	\$137,932	\$ 146,932
Deferred	-	-	-	(641,500)	-	(641,500)	(645,600)	-	(645,600)
Total tax expense (benefit)	<u>\$ 17,698</u>	<u>\$106,693</u>	<u>\$124,391</u>	<u>\$(657,739)</u>	<u>\$170,675</u>	<u>\$(487,064)</u>	<u>\$(636,600)</u>	<u>\$137,932</u>	<u>\$(498,668)</u>

The components of deferred income tax benefit are as follows:

	2006	2005	2004
Deferred tax expense (benefit), exclusive of the effects of the other components listed below	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Decrease in beginning-of-the-year balance of the valuation allowance for deferred tax assets	0	(641,500)	(645,600)
Generation of continuing operations net operating loss carryforward	0	0	0
	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$(641,500)</u>	<u>\$(645,600)</u>

A reconciliation of the provision for income taxes computed at the Federal statutory rate to the reported provision for income taxes follows:

	2006	2005 Restated	2005 As Previously Reported	2004 Restated	2004 As Previously Reported
Tax provision at Federal statutory rate	34.00%	34.00%	34.00%	34.00%	34.00%
Utilization of net operating loss	(34.00)%	(34.00)%	(34.00)%	(34.00)%	(34.00)%
State income taxes, net of federal benefit	7.08%	7.15%	6.90%	13.48%	6.00%
Change in valuation allowance for deferred tax assets	0.00%	(40.71)%	(39.3)%	(63.00)%	(49.70)%
Permanent differences	1.67%	1.59%	1.70%	0.00%	0.00%
Other	4.48%	1.05%	0.80%	0.86%	0.80%
Total	<u>13.23%</u>	<u>(30.92)%</u>	<u>(29.90)%</u>	<u>(48.66)%</u>	<u>(42.90)%</u>

COLONIAL COMMERCIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, Continued

The tax effects of temporary differences that give rise to significant portions of the deferred tax assets and liabilities at December 31, 2006 and 2005 are presented below.

	2006	2005
Current Deferred Tax Assets:		
Federal net operating loss carryforwards	\$ 420,000	\$ 637,500
Current Deferred Tax Assets	\$ 420,000	\$ 637,500
Non-current Deferred Tax Assets:		
Federal net operating loss carryforwards	\$ 9,937,591	\$ 10,718,325
State net operating loss carryforwards	75,121	64,435
Allowance for doubtful accounts	107,647	114,837
Additional costs inventoried for tax purposes	553,991	562,998
Alternative Minimum Tax Credit Carryforward	47,467	46,243
Compensation	206,031	204,428
Rent	64,557	57,320
Non-current Deferred Tax Assets	10,992,405	11,768,586
Non-current Deferred Tax Liabilities:		
Goodwill	(755,542)	(667,224)
Depreciation	(47,483)	(162,985)
Non-current Deferred Tax Liabilities	(803,025)	(830,209)
Non-current Deferred Tax Assets	10,189,380	10,938,377
Less Valuation Allowance	(8,900,880)	(9,867,377)
Net Non-Current Deferred Tax Assets	\$ 1,288,500	\$ 1,071,000

As of December 31, 2005, management reassessed its future income projections and increased the deferred tax asset by \$641,500 to \$1,708,500. As of December 31, 2006, management once again assessed the deferred tax asset and determined that the net asset should remain unchanged and that the valuation allowance should be reduced by approximately \$970,000.

As of December 31, 2006, the Company's net operating loss carryforwards for federal income tax purposes were approximately \$28,589,000. Various amounts of net operating loss carryforwards will expire from 2007 through 2022. Approximately \$4.3 million net operating loss expired during the fiscal year ended 2006.

Expiration Year	Net Operating Losses
2007	\$ 4,945,000
2008	415,000
2020	5,960,000
2021	2,737,000
2022	14,532,000
	\$ 28,589,000

The utilization of the net operating loss carryforwards is subject to certain annual limitations. If certain substantial changes in ownership occur, there would be a further annual limitation on the amount of tax carryforwards that can be utilized in the future.

Universal's Sales and Use Tax audit conducted by the State of New Jersey, Department of Treasury, Division of Taxation, for Sales and Use Tax for the years 2001, 2002, 2003 and 2004 was completed in June 2006. The State assessed the Company \$111,686 which included interest and penalties. Of this amount, \$50,000 was charged against the Company's tax reserve that was set in 2005, \$41,382 was invoiced to customers who were responsible for this tax and the Company incurred a charge for the balance of \$20,304 in 2006.

COLONIAL COMMERCIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, Continued

Universal was recently under examination for New York State income tax for the years 2003 through 2005. The State auditors have concluded that there will be no income tax adjustments related to this examination.

American recently closed a sales tax examination with an amount of \$2,398 for additional taxes and interest due for the period of March 1, 2003 through May 31, 2006.

In addition, RAL is scheduled for examination for New York State sales tax for the period March 1, 2004 through February 28, 2007. The audit has not yet begun and the Company does not expect there to be significant exposure.

12. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No.107, "Disclosures about Fair Value of Financial Instruments," defines the fair value of a financial instrument as the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties. The carrying value of all financial instruments classified as current assets or liabilities is deemed to approximate fair value, with the exception of the notes payable, because of the short term nature of these instruments.

The fair value of long-term debt is based on current rates at which the Company could borrow funds with similar remaining maturities. The Company believes the fair value of long-term debt approximates the book value.

13. Supplemental Cash Flow Information

The following is supplemental information relating to the consolidated statements of cash flows:

Cash paid during the years for:	2006	2005	2004
Interest	<u>\$1,290,724</u>	<u>\$971,629</u>	<u>\$852,288</u>
Income taxes	<u>\$ 104,932</u>	<u>\$308,585</u>	<u>\$173,665</u>

Non-cash transactions:

During 2006, 2005 and 2004, there were 17,221, 298,018 and 83,623 shares, respectively, of convertible preferred stock that were converted to a similar number of common shares.

14. Employee Benefit Plans

401(k) Plan

The Company has a 401(k) plan, which covers substantially all employees. Participants in the plan may contribute a percentage of compensation, but not in excess of the maximum allowed under the Internal Revenue Code. The plan provides for matching contributions up to a maximum of 3% of employees' qualified wages. In 2006, 2005 and 2004, \$180,712, \$183,269 and \$169,319, respectively, of contributions were made to the plan.

15. Business and Credit Concentrations

The Company purchases products from primarily 275 suppliers. In 2006, two suppliers accounted for 34% of the Company's purchases. The loss of one or both of these suppliers could have a material adverse effect upon its business for a short-term period. In 2005, two suppliers accounted for 37% of the Company's purchases. In 2004, two suppliers accounted for 38% of the Company's purchases.

COLONIAL COMMERCIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, Continued

16. Commitments and Contingencies

(a) Compensation

The Company has employment contracts with two officers and various employees with remaining terms ranging from one to four years. The amounts due under these contracts are \$770,000, \$545,000, \$545,000, and \$400,000 in the years ended December 31, 2007, 2008, 2009 and 2010, respectively. These commitments do not include amounts that may be earned as an annual incentive compensation award.

(b) Leases

The Company recorded lease payments via the straight line method and, for leases with step rent provisions whereby the rental payments increase over the life of the lease, the Company recognizes the total minimum lease payments on a straight-line basis over the lease term. The Company is obligated under operating leases for warehouse, office facilities and certain office equipment which amounted to \$3,098,491, \$2,997,887 and \$2,705,911 for the years ended December 31, 2006, 2005 and 2004, respectively. At December 31, 2006, future minimum lease payments in the aggregate and for each of the five succeeding years are as follows:

2007	\$	3,287,845
2008		2,660,307
2009		1,863,614
2010		1,482,648
2011		1,196,571
Thereafter		2,946,864
Total	\$	13,437,849

(c) Private Placement

On July 30, 2004, the Company completed a private placement with Michael Goldman and Goldman Associates of New York, Inc. pursuant to Regulation D of the Securities Exchange Act of 1933. For total consideration of \$1,500,000, the Company issued to Goldman Associates of New York, Inc. 600,000 shares of common stock at \$1.25 per share, a \$750,000 subordinated secured note payable, earning interest at the prime rate, interest payable quarterly, principal payable June 30, 2008, and warrants to purchase 150,000 shares of common stock at \$3.00 per share expiring June 30, 2008. The \$187,500 estimated value of the warrants was accounted for as an increase to additional paid in capital and as a discount to the note payable.

On July 29, 2004, the Company completed a private placement, pursuant to Regulation D of the Securities Exchange Act of 1933. The Company raised \$1,050,000 through the issuance of 420,000 shares of common stock at \$1.25 per share and the issuance of \$525,000 of subordinated unsecured convertible notes payable ("Notes"), bearing interest at 11% per annum, interest payable quarterly, with 50% of the principal payable on June 1, 2008 and the balance on June 1, 2009. The Notes are convertible into 175,000 shares of common stock at \$3.00 per share during the term of the Notes.

On February 12, 2004, the Company completed a private placement, pursuant to Regulation D of the Securities Act of 1933. The Company raised \$360,000 through the issuance of 600,000 shares of common stock at \$0.60 per share. Bernard Korn (Chairman and President of the Company), purchased 165,000 shares, William Pagano (Director of the Company and President of Universal), purchased 165,000 shares, Michael Goldman (appointed Director of the Company on September 29, 2004) purchased 170,000 shares and Rita Folger (a private investor, who owned 9.42% of the Company as of that date), purchased 100,000 shares.

COLONIAL COMMERCIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, Continued

The Company has used substantially all of the proceeds from the February 12, 2004 private placement to purchase 592,730 shares of escheated convertible preferred stock at \$0.60 per share from the State of Ohio. The Company has retired these convertible preferred shares.

The stock from the private placement cannot be sold, transferred or otherwise disposed of, unless subsequently registered under the Securities Act of 1933 and applicable state or Blue Sky laws, or pursuant to an exemption from such registration, which is available at the time of desired sale, and bears a legend to that effect.

(d) Litigation

Universal Supply Group, Inc. is a New York corporation (“Universal”). On June 25, 1999, Universal acquired substantially all of the assets of Universal Supply Group, Inc., a New Jersey corporation, including its name, pursuant to the terms of a purchase agreement. The Company filed a copy of the purchase agreement with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 30, 1999 as Exhibit 10(g) on Form 10KSB, and the Company filed a copy of an amendment to the purchase agreement on July 9, 1999 as Exhibit 10(a)(ii) on Form 8-K. Subsequent to the sale, Universal Supply Group, Inc. (the selling corporation) formerly known as Universal Engineering Co., Inc., changed its name to Hilco, Inc. Hilco, Inc. acquired the assets of Amber Supply Co., Inc., formerly known as Amber Oil Burner Supply Co., Inc., in 1998, prior to Hilco’s sale of assets to Universal. Hilco, Inc. is hereinafter referred to as the “Predecessor.” The majority shareholders of Hilco, Inc. were John A. Hildebrandt and Paul Hildebrandt.

The Company understands that Predecessor and many other companies have been sued in the Superior Court of New Jersey (Middlesex County) by plaintiffs filing lawsuits alleging injury due to asbestos. Currently, there exist 93 plaintiffs in these lawsuits relating to alleged sales of asbestos products, or products containing asbestos, by the Predecessor. The Company never sold any asbestos related products.

Of the existing plaintiffs, seven filed actions in 2006, 15 filed actions in 2005, 44 filed actions in 2004, 24 filed actions in 2003, and three filed actions in 2002. There are 108 other plaintiffs that have had their actions dismissed and eight other plaintiffs that have settled as of December 31, 2006 for a total of \$3,313,000. There has been no judgment against the Predecessor.

Our Universal subsidiary was named by 24 plaintiffs; of these, two filed actions in 1999, one filed an action in 2000, five filed actions in 2001, eleven filed actions in 2005 and five filed actions in 2006. Six plaintiffs naming Universal have had their actions dismissed and, of the total \$3,313,000 of settled actions, two plaintiffs naming Universal have settled for \$26,500. No money was paid by Universal in connection with any settlement. Following these dismissed and settled actions, there currently exist 16 plaintiffs that name Universal.

As set forth in more detail below, the Company has been indemnified against asbestos-based claims, and insurance companies are defending the interests of the Predecessor and the Company in these cases.

COLONIAL COMMERCIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, Continued

Based on advice of counsel, the Company believes that none of the litigation that was brought against the Company's Universal subsidiary through December 31, 2006 is material, and that the only material litigation that was brought against Predecessor through that date was Rhodes v. A.O. Smith Corporation, filed on April 26, 2004 in the Superior Court of New Jersey, Law Division, Middlesex County, Docket Number MID-L-2979-04AS. The Company was advised that the Rhodes case was settled for \$3,250,000 ("Settlement") under an agreement reached in connection with a \$10,000,000 jury verdict that was rendered on August 5, 2005. The Company was not a defendant in the Rhodes case.

On April 29, 2005, prior to the Rhodes case trial, the Predecessor filed a third party complaint against Sid Harvey Industries ("Third Party Complaint") in an action demanding contributor payment in connection with the Settlement. Sid Harvey Industries moved successfully for summary judgment. The Predecessor filed an appeal as to the dismissal of Predecessor's Third Party Complaint. In a decision dated December 29, 2006, the Superior Court of New Jersey, Appellate Division, reversed the dismissal of Predecessor's Third Party Complaint and remanded the matter for further proceedings as to Predecessor's claim for contribution.

The Company believes that Rhodes differed from the other lawsuits in that plaintiff established that he contracted mesothelioma as a result of his occupational exposure to asbestos dust and fibers and that a predecessor of the Company was a major supplier of the asbestos containing products that allegedly caused his disease.

Indemnification

John A. Hildebrandt, Paul Hildebrandt and the Predecessor have jointly and severally agreed to indemnify our Universal subsidiary from and against any and all damages, liabilities and claims due to exposure to asbestos at any time prior to the June 25, 1999 closing of the purchase agreement referred to earlier. These agreements are set forth in the purchase agreement. Paul Hildebrandt, one of the indemnitors, was a Director of the Company from September 29, 2004 to January 28, 2005.

The indemnitors may use their own counsel to defend these claims. The indemnitors are not liable for any settlement effected without their consent. The indemnitors may settle and pay money claims without the consent of the Company. There is no indemnification unless claims aggregate \$50,000; once this trigger point is reached, indemnification is required for all claims, including the first \$50,000, but excluding claims of less than \$10,000. The indemnification requirement survives at least until 30 days after the running of any relevant statutes of limitation.

The obligation of the indemnitors is joint and several, so that the Company can have recourse against any one or more of these indemnitors, whether or not any other indemnitor has previously defaulted on its obligation to us. There are no other limitations to our rights to indemnification.

Insurance

The assets that the Predecessor sold to us included its insurance policies and other agreements and contracts. The policies provide coverage for liability accruing during the periods for which premiums were paid. The Predecessor was formed in 1940. Copies of policies are available for each year beginning in 1970 and ending with the closing under the purchase agreement in 1999. Copies of policies for the period from 1940 to 1969 are not available.

COLONIAL COMMERCIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, Continued

Insurance companies acknowledge coverage for potential asbestos claims under certain of these policies. Insurance companies under additional policies have reserved their right to deny coverage but have continued to defend and indemnify the Predecessor and the Company under the contested policies.

There are periods during the years from 1940 to 1999 in which our Predecessor did not have coverage for potential asbestos claims. Subject to litigation, insurance companies may maintain that the existence of these periods' results in coverage for only a portion of a particular injury that varies with the period during which there was asbestos coverage relating to the injury, and that the balance of any settlement or judgment is to be paid by the insured. To date, no insurance company has claimed any contribution for a gap in coverage except for a claim for \$159.64 made by one insurance company to the Predecessor in 1995. The Predecessor asserted that it had no obligation to pay this amount and did not make any payment.

Insurance companies have to date defended us and the Predecessor, and have paid all settlement amounts and defense costs. Except for \$159.64 referred to above, the insurance companies have not requested any payments from us or from the Predecessor.

Our Universal subsidiary has not engaged in the sale of asbestos products since its formation in 1997. Its product liability policies for all years since 1998 exclude asbestos claims.

General

Regardless of indemnification and insurance coverage, we do not in any event consider our Company to be liable for the asbestos-based lawsuits that name us or for any other claim that arises as a result of actions or omissions by Predecessor companies. We expressly disclaimed the assumption of any liabilities when we purchased the assets of the Predecessor. It is our opinion that the existing asbestos litigation will not have a material adverse effect on the Company. Nevertheless, we could be materially and adversely affected if we are held liable for substantial asbestos claims or if the Company incurs substantial legal or settlement costs. This material and adverse effect would occur if indemnitors fail to honor their indemnification agreements and insurance is not available either because policy limits are exceeded, or because insurance companies successfully claim limitations on their liabilities by reason of gaps in coverage or otherwise.

Since we do not regard as likely the potential payment of any asbestos-based claim, we have not accrued any balance for any period relating to asbestos claims, and we have not recorded any amount for asbestos claims for any period in any of our financial statements.

Other Litigation

The Company is involved in other litigation incidental to the operation of its business. The Company vigorously defends all matters in which the Company or its subsidiaries are named defendants and, for insurable losses, maintains significant levels of insurance to protect against adverse judgments, claims or assessments. Although the adequacy of existing insurance coverage or the outcome of any legal proceedings cannot be predicted with certainty, the Company does not believe the ultimate liability associated with any claims or litigation will have a material impact to its financial condition or results of operations.

(e) Standby Letters of Credit

The Company has standby letters of credit in the amount of \$300,000 and \$100,000, which expire on July 31, 2007 and September 1, 2007, respectively.

COLONIAL COMMERCIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, Continued

17. Related Party Transactions

Universal leases a warehouse and store in Wharton, New Jersey comprising of 27,000 square feet from a company owned by Mr. Paul Hildebrandt under a lease that expires in June 2010. The Company paid Mr. Hildebrandt's company \$224,885, \$215,674 and \$206,097 during the years ended December 31, 2006, 2005 and 2004, respectively.

Oscar and Jeffrey Folger acted as legal counsel for the Company through April 20, 2005. Oscar and Jeffrey Folger acted as legal consultants for the Company from April 21, 2005 through December 31, 2005 and each became an employee of the Company as Vice President-Chief Legal Counsel and Assistant Vice President-Legal, respectively, on January 1, 2006. Mrs. Folger is the wife of Oscar Folger and the mother of Jeffrey Folger. Professional fees paid to Oscar Folger's law firm for the years ended 2006, 2005 and 2004 were \$89,826, \$79,973 and \$71,115, respectively. Jeffrey Folger is an associate of Oscar Folger's law firm. Additionally, in 2006, \$12,000 was paid to each Oscar and Jeffrey Folger as part time employees of the Company. As of December 31, 2006, there is \$3,975 in outstanding liabilities to Oscar Folger. As of December 31, 2005, there was \$2,775 in outstanding liabilities to Oscar Folger. There were no outstanding liabilities at December 31, 2004.

Pioneer Realty Holdings, LLC, a New York limited liability company ("Pioneer"), is the owner of the premises located at 836 Route 9, Fishkill, New York, formerly known as 2213 Route 9, Fishkill, New York that is leased to a subsidiary of the Company under a lease that expired September 2008, subject to renewal options, and provided for a current aggregate annual rent of \$133,500. Pioneer is the landlord under the Lease pursuant to an assignment and assumption agreement dated April 12, 2005.

On February 21, 2007, the Lease was further amended by the Third Modification of Lease Agreement to provide, among other things, for 25,947 square feet of the leased premises, a net increase of 14,443 square feet, for \$245,844 total annual fixed rent, an increase of \$106,740 per annum. The Third Modification of Lease Agreement commences on the date of issuance of a certificate of occupancy for the Premises that are currently undergoing reconstruction. The term of the lease expires on March 31, 2017, subject to two five-year renewal options.

Additionally, on February 21, 2007, Pioneer granted the Company an option ("Option") to purchase the Premises for (i) an exercise price equal to Pioneer's total financial investment in the Premises through the date of exercise and (ii) the release of Mr. Pagano (and any other guarantors) from guaranties of mortgage loans secured by the Premises. The Option expires on July 31, 2007. William Pagano has a 55% interest in Pioneer and each of Rita Folger and Jeffrey Folger has an 8% interest in Pioneer Realty Partners I, LLC, which has a 40% interest in Pioneer. Mrs. Folger is the beneficial owner of more than 5% of the outstanding shares of the Company and is the wife of Oscar Folger and the mother of Jeffrey Folger. Oscar Folger and Jeffrey Folger are the Vice President-Chief Legal Counsel and Assistant Vice President-Legal, respectively. The Company paid Pioneer Realty Holdings, LLC \$137,239 in rent during the year ended December 31, 2006.

See Notes 6 and 7 for additional related party transactions.

COLONIAL COMMERCIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, Continued

18. Quarterly Results (Unaudited)

The following table sets forth selected unaudited quarterly financial data of the Company for the years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005. No changes have been made to the unaudited quarterly financial data of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2006 as previously reported in the Form 10-K/A.

	QUARTER ENDED			
	March 31	June 30	September 30	December 31
	(Dollars in thousands, except per share data)			
2006				
Net sales	\$ 14,884	\$ 18,156	\$ 19,218	\$ 19,237
Gross profit	4,685	5,438	5,659	5,655
Net (loss) income	(325)	338	476	327
(Loss) income per common share:				
Basic:				
Net (loss) income	<u>(0.07)</u>	<u>0.07</u>	<u>0.10</u>	<u>0.07</u>
Diluted:				
Net (loss) income	<u>(0.07)</u>	<u>0.06</u>	<u>0.09</u>	<u>0.06</u>
2005, Restated				
Net sales	\$ 13,347	\$ 17,502	\$ 17,378	\$ 18,464
Gross profit	4,270	5,148	5,047	5,665
Net (loss) income	(182)	536	974	735
(Loss) income per common share:				
Basic:				
Net (loss) income	<u>(0.04)</u>	<u>0.13</u>	<u>0.23</u>	<u>0.16</u>
Diluted:				
Net (loss) income	<u>(0.04)</u>	<u>0.10</u>	<u>0.19</u>	<u>0.14</u>
2005 As Previously Reported				
Net sales	\$ 13,347	\$ 17,502	\$ 17,378	\$ 18,464
Gross profit	4,253	5,132	5,092	5,706
Net (loss) income	(199)	520	1,019	776
(Loss) income per common share:				
Basic:				
Net (loss) income	<u>(0.05)</u>	<u>0.12</u>	<u>0.24</u>	<u>0.17</u>
Diluted:				
Net (loss) income	<u>(0.05)</u>	<u>0.10</u>	<u>0.19</u>	<u>0.15</u>

COLONIAL COMMERCIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, Continued

Schedule II

Colonial Commercial Corp. and Subsidiaries

Schedule of Valuation and Qualifying Accounts

Description	Balance at Beginning of Year	Additions		Deductions	Balance at End of Year
		Charged to Costs and Expenses	Charged to Other Accounts		
For the year ended December 31, 2006 Allowance for doubtful accounts	\$ 185,971	\$ 191,357	\$ 90,405(a)	\$ (255,690)(b)	\$ 212,043
For the year ended December 31, 2005 Allowance for doubtful accounts	\$ 290,448	\$ 101,724	\$ 69,144(a)	\$ (275,345)(b)	\$ 185,971
For the year ended December 31, 2004 Allowance for doubtful accounts	\$ 284,829	\$ 225,183	\$ 14,862(a)	\$ (234,426)(b)	\$ 290,448

- a. Comprised primarily of accounts that were previously charged against the allowance, and have since been collected.
- b. Comprised primarily of uncollected accounts charged against the allowance.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, Registrant has duly caused this Report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

COLONIAL COMMERCIAL CORP.

(Registrant)

By: /s/ William Pagano

William Pagano,

Chief Executive Officer and Director

By: /s/ William Salek

William Salek,

Chief Financial Officer & Principal Accounting Officer

Dated: August 27, 2007

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this Report has been duly signed below on August 27, 2007 by the following persons on behalf of the Registrant and in the capacities indicated:

By: /s/ E. Bruce Fredrikson

E. Bruce Fredrikson, Director

By: /s/ Melissa Goldman-Williams

Melissa Goldman-Williams, Director

By: /s/ Michael Goldman

Michael Goldman, Chairman of the Board

By: /s/ Stuart H. Lubow

Stuart H. Lubow, Director

By: /s/ Ronald H. Miller

Ronald H. Miller, Director

By: /s/ William Pagano

William Pagano,

Chief Executive Officer and Director

SUBSIDIARIES OF REGISTRANT
COLONIAL COMMERCIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
FED. I.D. 11-2037182

<u>Name of Subsidiary</u>	<u>State of Incorporation</u>	<u>I.D. Number</u>
Universal Supply Group, Inc.	New York	11-3391045
RAL Supply Group, Inc.	New York	20-0207168
American/Universal Supply Inc.	New York	16-1661494

CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Board of Directors

Colonial Commercial Corp.

We consent to the incorporation by reference in the registration statement (No. 333-37025) on Form S-8 of Colonial Commercial Corp. of our report dated March 22, 2007, (August 13, 2007, as to the effects of the restatements discussed in Note 1(p) to the consolidated financial statements) which contains an emphasis of a matter paragraph for the adoption of SFAS 123(R), with respect to the consolidated balance sheet of Colonial Commercial Corp. as of December 31, 2006, and the related consolidated statements of operations, stockholders' equity and cash flows for the year ended December 31, 2006, which report appears in the December 31, 2006 annual report on Form 10-K/A (Amendment Number 2) of Colonial Commercial Corp.

/s/Weiser LLP
Weiser LLP

August 27, 2007

CERTIFICATION

I, William Pagano, Chief Executive Officer of Colonial Commercial Corp., certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K/A (Amendment Number 2) of Colonial Commercial Corp. (the "Registrant");
2. Based on my knowledge, this Annual Report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this Annual Report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this Annual Report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this Annual Report;
4. The Registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13(a)-15(e) and 15(d)-15(e)) for the Registrant. We have:
 - a. designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the Registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this Annual Report is being prepared;
 - b. evaluated the effectiveness of the Registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this Annual Report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - c. disclosed in this Annual Report any change in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the Registrant's fourth fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The Registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the Registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the Registrant's Board of Directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the Registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 27, 2007

/s/ William Pagano

William Pagano

Chief Executive Officer

CERTIFICATION

I, William Salek, Chief Financial Officer of Colonial Commercial Corp., certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K/A (Amendment Number 2) of Colonial Commercial Corp. (the "Registrant");
2. Based on my knowledge, this Annual Report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this Annual Report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this Annual Report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this Annual Report;
4. The Registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13(a)-15(e) and 15(d)-15(e)) for the Registrant. We have:
 - a. designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the Registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this Annual Report is being prepared;
 - b. evaluated the effectiveness of the Registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this Annual Report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - c. disclosed in this Annual Report any change in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the Registrant's fourth fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The Registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the Registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the Registrant's Board of Directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the Registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 27, 2007

/s/ William Salek

William Salek

Chief Financial Officer

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Annual Report on Form 10-K/A (Amendment Number 2) of Colonial Commercial Corp. (the "Company") for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2006 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, William Pagano, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to section 18 U.S.C. 1350 as adopted pursuant to section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

By: /s/ William Pagano
Name: William Pagano
Chief Executive Officer

Date: August 27, 2007

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Annual Report on Form 10-K/A (Amendment Number 2) of Colonial Commercial Corp. (the "Company") for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2006 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, William Salek, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to section 18 U.S.C. 1350 as adopted pursuant to section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

By: /s/ William Salek
Name: William Salek
Chief Financial Officer

Date: August 27, 2007
